Cybersecurity Legislation Tracker

March 2026

Critical infrastructure security, public sector cyber resilience, and data breach duties.

This month in numbers

Measure	Bills
Matched to this Tracker	413
Signed into law in 2026	11
New this month	9
Moved a stage	39
Passed a chamber	28
Signed into law this month	10
Vetoed this month	0

Where it happened

State	Bills that moved
MD	6
FL	5
UT	5
OK	3
AZ	2

State	Bills that moved
CT	2
KS	2
NE	2
SD	2
CO	1
LA	1
MI	1
MN	1
MO	1
MS	1
NJ	1
VA	1
WA	1
WV	1

The month in brief

March 2026 saw 39 cybersecurity bills change stage across the states, with Utah accounting for half of the ten enactments. Utah enacted five measures addressing critical infrastructure, motor vehicle data privacy, general data privacy, privacy and cybersecurity, and state-endorsed digital identity. Maryland led chamber passage activity with six bills advancing, followed by Florida and Oklahoma with three each. Kansas and Virginia each cleared both chambers with legislation on cybersecurity oversight and militia cyber-related support, respectively.

Signed into law in 2026

State	Bill	Title	Became law
MS	SB 2096†	MDITS and SOS; require to establish minimum cybersecurity standards for SEMS. Signed this month	19 March 2026
		Minimum cybersecurity standards for state election management systems. Signed into law.	
SD	SB 49	safeguard the integrity, privacy, and security of genetic data and provide a civil penalty therefor. Signed this month	30 March 2026
		Protections for the integrity, privacy, and security of genetic data, with civil penalties. Signed into law.	
SD	SB 75	amend the type of entities eligible to participate in the cybersecurity services initiative. Signed this month	4 March 2026
		Expands eligibility for entities participating in the state cybersecurity services initiative. Signed into law.	
UT	SB 275	State-Endorsed Digital Identity Program Amendments Signed this month	25 March 2026
		State-endorsed digital identity program revisions. Signed into law.	
UT	HB 450	Data Privacy Amendments Signed this month	19 March 2026
		Data privacy requirements. Signed into law.	
UT	HB 357	Amendments to Motor Vehicle Data Privacy Signed this month	19 March 2026
		Motor vehicle data privacy requirements. Signed into law.	
UT	HB 165	Critical Infrastructure Amendments Signed this month	17 March 2026
		Critical infrastructure protections. Signed into law.	
UT	SB 123	Privacy and Cybersecurity Amendments Signed this month	17 March 2026

State	Bill	Title	Became law
Privacy and cybersecurity provisions. Signed into law.			
UT	HB 19	Drinking Water Utilities Amendments	27 February 2026
WA	SB 5892	Concerning protection of the voter registration database. Signed this month	25 March 2026
Protections for the voter registration database. Signed into law.			
WV	HB 5638†	Relating to the requirements of the state's cyber security program and responsibilities and authority of the state chief information security officer Signed this month	14 March 2026
State cybersecurity program requirements and chief information security officer authority. Signed into law.			

On the governor's desk

State	Bill	Title	Current status
OK	SB 626†	Security Breach Notification Act; requiring notice of security breach of certain information; modifying provisions. Effective date.	■ Sent to governor

What else moved this month

Passed both chambers

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Action
KS	HB 2574†	Removing the expiration on certain cybersecurity requirements, modifying the duties of chief information security officers and cybersecurity programs,	■ Enacted	18 March 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Action
		requiring assessment of executive branch agency compliance with cybersecurity requirements, providing for consideration of such compliance by the legislature during the budget process and creating the judicial branch technology oversight council.		

Cybersecurity requirements for executive branch agencies, compliance assessments, and judicial branch technology oversight. Passed both chambers.

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Action
VA	HB 1334	Militia state active duty; cyber-related support.	■ Enacted	31 March 2026

Militia state active duty for cyber-related support. Passed both chambers.

Passed one chamber

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Action
CO	HB 1252	Updates to State Emergency Response Departments & Divisions	■ Enacted	17 March 2026

Updates to state emergency response departments and divisions. Passed one chamber.

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Action
FL	HB 1081	Cybersecurity Experiential Learning	■ Enacted	10 March 2026

Cybersecurity experiential learning programs. Passed one chamber.

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Action
FL	HB 1085	Local Government Cyber Security	■ Enacted	4 March 2026

Local government cybersecurity requirements. Passed one chamber.

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Action
FL	SB 7024	OGSR/Cybersecurity, Information Technology, and Operational Technology Information Companion: FL SPB 7024	■ Enacted	9 March 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Action
Public records exemption for cybersecurity, information technology, and operational technology information. Passed one chamber.				
KS	SB 51	House Substitute for SB 51 by Committee on Legislative Modernization - Authorizing the chief information security officer to receive audit reports, updating statutes related to services provided by the chief information technology officer and authorizing the office of information technology services to provide certain services to political subdivisions and hospitals.	Enacted	18 March 2026
Chief information security officer audit authority and IT services for political subdivisions and hospitals. Passed one chamber.				
LA	SB 75†	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY: Provides for reimbursement to the state for cyber reinforcement support provided to noncompliant recipients. (8/1/26) (EN SEE FISC NOTE SG RV)	Enacted	24 March 2026
State reimbursement for cyber reinforcement support to noncompliant recipients. Passed one chamber.				
MD	HB 1239	Public Safety - Critical Infrastructure Protection Companion: MD SB 825	Enacted	21 March 2026
Critical infrastructure protection measures. Passed one chamber.				
MD	HB 1335	Department of Information Technology - Information Technology Staffing and Capability Assessment - Independent Study	Enacted	23 March 2026
Independent study of information technology staffing and capability. Passed one chamber.				
MD	HB 861	Department of Information Technology - Statewide Information Technology Master Plan - Reporting	Enacted	18 March 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Action
Statewide information technology master plan reporting requirements. Passed one chamber.				
MD	HB 957	Cybersecurity - Standards and Compliance - Alterations Companion: MD SB 601	Enacted	21 March 2026
Cybersecurity standards and compliance revisions. Passed one chamber.				
MD	SB 482	Criminal Law - Interference With Critical Infrastructure or a Public Safety Answering Point	Enacted	13 March 2026
Criminal penalties for interference with critical infrastructure or public safety answering points. Passed one chamber.				
MD	SB 581	Department of Information Technology - Statewide Information Technology Master Plan - Reporting	Enacted	6 March 2026
Statewide information technology master plan reporting requirements. Passed one chamber.				
OK	SB 1859†	Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation; creating the Cyber Crime Fraud Unit; revolving fund. Effective date. Emergency.	Enacted	9 March 2026
Creates a Cyber Crime Fraud Unit within the state bureau of investigation. Passed one chamber.				
AZ	SB 1088†	appropriation; Arizona homeland security; cybersecurity	Passed chamber	19 March 2026
Appropriation for homeland security cybersecurity activities. Passed one chamber.				
OK	HB 4132	Technology; liability protections; counties; municipalities; cybersecurity frameworks; State Auditor and Inspector; effective date.	Passed chamber	17 March 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Action
		Liability protections for counties and municipalities adopting cybersecurity frameworks. Passed one chamber.		
OK	SB 1716	Security Breach Notification Act; prohibiting class action liability for private entity for cybersecurity event; providing exceptions. Effective date.	Passed chamber	16 March 2026
		Limits class action liability for private entities following a cybersecurity event, with exceptions. Passed one chamber.		

Reported out of committee

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Action
NE	LB 937	Adopt the Prior Learning Act and the K-12 Education Cybersecurity Act and change provisions relating to student transfers, school absences, option enrollment, extracurricular activities, reports, school employment, the improvement grant program, monitoring or providing instruction, deadlines, the Nebraska Teacher Apprenticeship Program, the Nebraska Teacher Recruitment and Retention Act, and the College Pathway Program Act	Enacted	10 March 2026
		K-12 education cybersecurity requirements and prior learning provisions. Reported out of committee.		
AZ	HB 2809	statewide cybersecurity encryption system; requirements	Passed chamber	17 March 2026
		Statewide cybersecurity encryption system requirements. Reported out of committee.		
CT	HB 5210†	AN ACT ESTABLISHING VARIOUS DATA SECURITY REQUIREMENTS	Passed committee	10 March 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Action
		APPLICABLE TO CERTAIN FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.		
Data security requirements for certain financial institutions. Reported out of committee.				
CT	SB 117†	AN ACT CONCERNING BREACHES OF SECURITY INVOLVING ELECTRONIC PERSONAL INFORMATION.	■ Passed chamber	16 March 2026
Breach notification requirements for electronic personal information. Reported out of committee.				
FL	SB 1266	Cybersecurity Internships	■ Passed committee	2 March 2026
Cybersecurity internship programs. Reported out of committee.				
FL	SB 576	Local Government Cybersecurity	■ Passed committee	2 March 2026
Local government cybersecurity requirements. Reported out of committee.				
MI	HB 5330†	Aeronautics: unmanned aircraft systems; cybersecurity and data protection requirements for drones; provide for. Amends 2016 PA 436 (MCL 259.301 - 259.331) by adding sec. 16.	■ Passed committee	10 March 2026
Cybersecurity and data protection requirements for unmanned aircraft systems. Reported out of committee.				
MN	HF 3860†	Cybersecurity legislative commission extended. Companion: MN SF 3863	■ Passed chamber	23 March 2026
Extension of the cybersecurity legislative commission. Reported out of committee.				
MO	SB 928	SCS/SB 928 - This act modifies provisions relating to criminal offenses. ATTORNEY GENERAL (SECTION 27.117) This act gives the Attorney General concurrent jurisdiction to	■ Passed committee	4 March 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Action
		prosecute certain offenses that occurred in more than one jurisdiction. PROTECTIVE ORDERS (SECTION 455.050) Under current law, a person that petitions for a full or ex parte protective order is protected from certain offenses if the order is granted. This act adds cyberstalking to the list of offenses. RELEASE FROM JAIL (SECTION 544.667) Currently, a person can be released from jail upon recognizance or bond. This act provides that a person that has been released under such circumstances that fails to comply with the conditions of such release that imposes no contact with the victim shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor and shall forfeit any security that was pledged for their release. CRIMINAL OFFENSES (SECTIONS 565.002, 565.050, 565.052, 565.054, 565.056, 565.072, 565.073, 565.074, 565.090, 565.091, 565.225, 565.227, 565.260, 565.400, 565.405, 573.570, & 573.575) This act modifies the offenses of assault in the first, second, third, and fourth degrees and the offenses of domestic violence in the first, second, third, and fourth degrees by removing the defined terms of "serious physical injury" and "physical injury" and providing for the following harms: • Great bodily harm: Bodily injury which creates a high probability of death, or which causes serious permanent or protracted loss or impairment of function of any bodily member or organ, or other serious bodily harm; • Substantial bodily harm: Bodily harm which involves a temporary but substantial disfigurement, or which causes temporary but substantial loss		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Action
		or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ, or which causes a fracture of any bodily member; and • Bodily harm: Physical pain or injury, illness, or any impairment of physical condition. Under current law, the first offense of harassment in the first degree is a class E felony. This act provides that a second or subsequent conviction of harassment in the first degree shall be a class D felony where the individual has previously been found guilty of harassment in the first or second degree. Currently, a first offense of harassment in the second degree is a class A misdemeanor. Under this act, provisions relating to a second or subsequent conviction of harassment in the second degree are modified to include a conviction of harassment in the first degree as a previous conviction in which case it is a class E felony. This act modifies the offense of stalking in the first degree by repealing the elements of such offense and providing that a person commits the offense of stalking in the first degree when the person knowingly, through a course of conduct that is directed at another person or through technological abuse, as defined in the act, engages in conduct that would cause a reasonable person under similar circumstances to: • Fear death or bodily injury, as defined in this act; • Fear that an offense will be committed against a member of the person's family, household members, or an individual with whom the person has a dating relationship; • Fear that an offense will be committed against the person's property; or • Feel harassed,		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Action
		terrified, or intimidated. This act modifies the offense of stalking in the second degree by repealing the elements of such offense and providing that a person commits the offense of stalking in the second degree when the person knowingly, through a course of conduct that is directed at another person or through technological abuse, as defined in the act, engages in conduct that would cause a reasonable person under similar circumstances to feel harassed, terrified, or intimidated. This act creates the offense of unlawful tracking of a motor vehicle. A person is guilty of this offense if he or she knowingly installs, conceals, or otherwise places an electronic tracking device in or on a motor vehicle. This offense shall be a class A misdemeanor for a first offense and a class E felony for a second or subsequent offense. This act creates the offense of cyberharassment. A person commits this offense if he or she purposely or knowingly engages in a threatening, aggressive, or otherwise fear-inducing, course of conduct by using digital technology, internet service providers, electronic service providers or other electronic communications and devices cause reasonable fear, alarm, anxiety, undo stress, or terror to others by repeated contact with no legitimate purpose. This offense shall be a class B misdemeanor upon a first offense and a class A misdemeanor for second or subsequent offenses. A person commits the offense of cyberstalking if such person purposely or knowingly engages in a threatening, aggressive, or otherwise fear-		

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		inducing, course of conduct by using digital technology, internet service providers, electronic service providers or other electronic communications and devices to enhance the ability to intimidate, track, follow or cause reasonable fear, alarm, anxiety, undo stress, or terror to another person. A first offense shall be a class A misdemeanor and a second or subsequent offense shall be a class E felony. This act creates the offense of disclosure of an intimate digital depiction. A person shall be guilty of such offense if he or she discloses or threatens to disclose an intimate digital depiction with the intent to harass or threaten another person. A violation of such offense is a class D felony if the person discloses an intimate digital depiction and a class E felony if the person threatens to disclose an intimate digital depiction. Any second or subsequent violation of such offense is a class C felony. Additionally, it shall be a class C felony if the disclosure interferes with a government proceeding or causes violence. This act creates the offense of sadistic online exploitation. A person commits this offense where he or she uses the internet to coerce a victim into committing certain acts. This offense shall be a class E felony. This act is substantially similar to HB 3426 (2026). TRISTAN BENSON, JR.		

Criminal offenses including cyberstalking, cyberharassment, and disclosure of intimate digital depictions. Reported out of committee.

NJ	A 1368	Requires certain State employees to receive training in cybersecurity best practices.	■ Passed committee	16 March 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Action
Cybersecurity best practices training for certain state employees. Reported out of committee.				
NE	LB 599	Require the State Board of Education to adopt a policy relating to cybersecurity	Dead	12 March 2026
State board of education policy on cybersecurity. Reported out of committee.				

New and notable

State	Bill	Title	Current status
LA	HB 1033	CRIME: Provides relative to the definition of "critical infrastructure"	Enacted
MN	HF 3860†	Cybersecurity legislative commission extended. Companion: MN SF 3863	Passed chamber
US	S. 4166	SECURE Grid Act	Passed committee
CT	SB 403†	AN ACT CONCERNING CYBERSECURITY.	In committee
NJ	S 3878	Establishes cybersecurity employment grant program for qualified businesses; appropriates $750,000.	In committee
NJ	S 3880	Requires instruction on cybersecurity in grades nine through 12; requires Office of Secretary of Higher Education to develop cybersecurity model curricula; establishes loan redemption programs for individuals in certain cybersecurity occupations.	In committee
NJ	S 3932	Establishes Private Institution of Higher Education Security Grant Program; appropriates $5 million.	In committee
NJ	SJR 107	Establishes "New Jersey Cybersecurity Task Force."	In committee

Regulatory Watch

Open for comment

Type	Document	Date
Notice	Request for Comment: Election Audit Standards Election Assistance Commission Election audit standards address election system security and administration accuracy.	Comments close 27 April 2026

Taking effect

Type	Document	Date
Rule	Order No. 918; Critical Infrastructure Protection Reliability Standard CIP-003-11-Cyber Security-Security Management Controls Energy Department, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Approves cyber security standard CIP-003-11 for critical infrastructure protection against coordinated cyberattacks.	Effective 26 May 2026
Rule	Order No. 919; Virtualization Reliability Standards Energy Department, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Approves modified Critical Infrastructure Protection reliability standards for virtualization and new technologies in secure manner.	Effective 26 May 2026

Also published

Type	Document	Date
Presidential Document	Combating Cybercrime, Fraud, and Predatory Schemes Against American Citizens Executive Office of the President Executive order addressing ransomware, malware, phishing, and cybercrime enforcement priorities affecting regulated parties.	11 March 2026

Watchlist for next month

State	Bill	Title	Current status
AZ	HB 2809	statewide cybersecurity encryption system; requirements	■ Passed chamber
AZ	SB 1088†	appropriation; Arizona homeland security; cybersecurity	■ Passed chamber
CT	HB 5210†	AN ACT ESTABLISHING VARIOUS DATA SECURITY REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO CERTAIN FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.	■ Passed committee
CT	SB 117†	AN ACT CONCERNING BREACHES OF SECURITY INVOLVING ELECTRONIC PERSONAL INFORMATION.	■ Passed chamber
FL	SB 1266	Cybersecurity Internships	■ Passed committee
FL	SB 576	Local Government Cybersecurity	■ Passed committee
MI	HB 5330†	Aeronautics: unmanned aircraft systems; cybersecurity and data protection requirements for drones; provide for. Amends 2016 PA 436 (MCL 259.301 - 259.331) by adding sec. 16.	■ Passed committee
MN	HF 3860†	Cybersecurity legislative commission extended. Companion: MN SF 3863	■ Passed chamber
MO	SB 928	SCS/SB 928 - This act modifies provisions relating to criminal offenses. ATTORNEY GENERAL (SECTION 27.117) This act gives the Attorney General concurrent jurisdiction to prosecute certain offenses that occurred in more than one jurisdiction. PROTECTIVE ORDERS (SECTION 455.050) Under current law, a person that petitions for a full or ex parte protective order is protected from certain offenses if the order is granted. This act adds cyberstalking to the list of offenses. RELEASE FROM JAIL (SECTION 544.667) Currently, a person can be released from jail upon recognizance or bond. This act provides that a person that has been released under such circumstances that fails to comply with the conditions of such release that imposes no contact with the victim shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor and shall forfeit any security that was	■ Passed committee

State	Bill	Title	Current status
		pledged for their release. CRIMINAL OFFENSES (SECTIONS 565.002, 565.050, 565.052, 565.054, 565.056, 565.072, 565.073, 565.074, 565.090, 565.091, 565.225, 565.227, 565.260, 565.400, 565.405, 573.570, & 573.575) This act modifies the offenses of assault in the first, second, third, and fourth degrees and the offenses of domestic violence in the first, second, third, and fourth degrees by removing the defined terms of "serious physical injury" and "physical injury" and providing for the following harms: • Great bodily harm: Bodily injury which creates a high probability of death, or which causes serious permanent or protracted loss or impairment of function of any bodily member or organ, or other serious bodily harm; • Substantial bodily harm: Bodily harm which involves a temporary but substantial disfigurement, or which causes temporary but substantial loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ, or which causes a fracture of any bodily member; and • Bodily harm: Physical pain or injury, illness, or any impairment of physical condition. Under current law, the first offense of harassment in the first degree is a class E felony. This act provides that a second or subsequent conviction of harassment in the first degree shall be a class D felony where the individual has previously been found guilty of harassment in the first or second degree. Currently, a first offense of harassment in the second degree is a class A misdemeanor. Under this act, provisions relating to a second or subsequent conviction of harassment in the second degree are modified to include a conviction of harassment in the first degree as a previous conviction in which case it is a class E felony. This act modifies the offense of stalking in the first degree by repealing the elements of such offense and providing that a person commits the offense of stalking in the first degree when the person knowingly, through a course of conduct that is directed at another person or through technological abuse, as defined in the act, engages in conduct that would cause a reasonable person under similar circumstances to: • Fear death or bodily injury, as defined in this act; • Fear that an offense will be committed against a member of the person's family, household members, or an individual with whom the	

State	Bill	Title	Current status
		person has a dating relationship; • Fear that an offense will be committed against the person's property; or • Feel harassed, terrified, or intimidated. This act modifies the offense of stalking in the second degree by repealing the elements of such offense and providing that a person commits the offense of stalking in the second degree when the person knowingly, through a course of conduct that is directed at another person or through technological abuse, as defined in the act, engages in conduct that would cause a reasonable person under similar circumstances to feel harassed, terrified, or intimidated. This act creates the offense of unlawful tracking of a motor vehicle. A person is guilty of this offense if he or she knowingly installs, conceals, or otherwise places an electronic tracking device in or on a motor vehicle. This offense shall be a class A misdemeanor for a first offense and a class E felony for a second or subsequent offense. This act creates the offense of cyberharassment. A person commits this offense if he or she purposely or knowingly engages in a threatening, aggressive, or otherwise fear-inducing, course of conduct by using digital technology, internet service providers, electronic service providers or other electronic communications and devices cause reasonable fear, alarm, anxiety, undo stress, or terror to others by repeated contact with no legitimate purpose. This offense shall be a class B misdemeanor upon a first offense and a class A misdemeanor for second or subsequent offenses. A person commits the offense of cyberstalking if such person purposely or knowingly engages in a threatening, aggressive, or otherwise fear-inducing, course of conduct by using digital technology, internet service providers, electronic service providers or other electronic communications and devices to enhance the ability to intimidate, track, follow or cause reasonable fear, alarm, anxiety, undo stress, or terror to another person. A first offense shall be a class A misdemeanor and a second or subsequent offense shall be a class E felony. This act creates the offense of disclosure of an intimate digital depiction. A person shall be guilty of such offense if he or she discloses or threatens to disclose an intimate digital depiction with the intent to harass or threaten another person. A violation of	

State	Bill	Title	Current status
		such offense is a class D felony if the person discloses an intimate digital depiction and a class E felony if the person threatens to disclose an intimate digital depiction. Any second or subsequent violation of such offense is a class C felony. Additionally, it shall be a class C felony if the disclosure interferes with a government proceeding or causes violence. This act creates the offense of sadistic online exploitation. A person commits this offense where he or she uses the internet to coerce a victim into committing certain acts. This offense shall be a class E felony. This act is substantially similar to HB 3426 (2026). TRISTAN BENSON, JR.	
NJ	A 1368	Requires certain State employees to receive training in cybersecurity best practices.	■ Passed committee

Every matched bill

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
AK	HB 336	An Act relating to use of campaign funds; and providing for an effective date.	In committee	23 February 2026
AK	SB 139	An Act relating to who may own or hold certain land; relating to certain agreements having to do with critical infrastructure; and providing for an effective date.	In committee	14 April 2025
AL	HB 207†	Office of Information Technology, duties expanded to include cybersecurity and tasks previously performed by Division of Data Systems Management and Telecommunications Division of the Department of Finance	■ Enacted	14 May 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
AL	HB 208	Secretary of Information Technology, duties regarding cybertechnology technology quality assurance for state agencies further provided	In committee	6 February 2025
AL	HB 587	Information Technology Auditors, qualifications for being hired to perform audits on state chartered financial institutions specified	In committee	17 April 2025
AL	SB 74	Public K-12 Education; cyber security education program required to be developed and implemented by the State Board of Education	In committee	4 February 2025
AR	HB 1549	TO CREATE THE ARKANSAS CYBERSECURITY ACT OF 2025.	■ Enacted	8 April 2025
AR	HB 1666†	TO AMEND THE LAW CONCERNING THE ARKANSAS SELF-FUNDED CYBER RESPONSE PROGRAM.	■ Enacted	16 April 2025
AZ	HB 2736†	cybersecurity; data encryption; pilot program	■ Passed chamber	24 March 2025
AZ	HB 2809	statewide cybersecurity encryption system; requirements	■ Passed chamber	17 March 2026
AZ	SB 1027	critical telecommunications infrastructure; construction requirements	■ Vetoed	18 April 2025
AZ	SB 1088†	appropriation; Arizona homeland security; cybersecurity	■ Passed chamber	31 March 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
AZ	SB 1501	grid security; cybersecurity; reviews; commission	Vetoed	18 April 2025
CA	AB 2265	Emergency services: law enforcement and intelligence: state threat assessment center.	Introduced	20 February 2026
CA	AB 2281†	Office of Elections Cybersecurity.	Enacted	19 September 2026
CA	AB 2298†	Pupil instruction: computer science: content standards.	Enacted	10 September 2026
CA	AB 370	California Public Records Act: cyberattacks.	Enacted	14 July 2025
CA	AB 869	State agencies: information security: Zero Trust architecture.	Passed chamber	29 August 2025
CA	AB 979	California Cybersecurity Integration Center: artificial intelligence.	Enacted	3 October 2025
CA	SB 446	Data breaches: customer notification.	Enacted	3 October 2025
CA	SB 468	High-risk artificial intelligence systems: duty to protect personal information.	Dead	2 February 2026
CA	SB 833	Critical infrastructure: artificial intelligence systems: human oversight.	Passed chamber	13 August 2026
CO	HB 1252	Updates to State Emergency Response Departments & Divisions	Enacted	4 June 2026
CO	SB 185	Enhance Security of Office of Information Technology	Enacted	3 June 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
CT	HB 5210†	AN ACT ESTABLISHING VARIOUS DATA SECURITY REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO CERTAIN FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.	Passed committee	24 March 2026
CT	HB 6003†	AN ACT REQUIRING THE SECRETARY OF THE STATE TO REPORT ON THE ELECTION INFORMATION SECURITY ANALYST.	In committee	22 January 2025
CT	SB 117†	AN ACT CONCERNING BREACHES OF SECURITY INVOLVING ELECTRONIC PERSONAL INFORMATION.	Passed chamber	30 April 2026
CT	SB 1319†	AN ACT ESTABLISHING A CYBERSECURITY TASK FORCE. Companion: CT SB 273	Passed committee	1 April 2025
CT	SB 403†	AN ACT CONCERNING CYBERSECURITY.	In committee	5 March 2026
CT	SB 92†	AN ACT CONCERNING PROTECTIONS FOR THE ONLINE ECONOMY AGAINST DATA BREACHES AND LIMITS ON INTERNET DATA USAGE.	In committee	14 February 2025
DC	B 26-0427†	Cybersecurity and Accountability Act of 2025	In committee	22 September 2026
DE	HB 381†	AN ACT TO AMEND TITLE 6 OF THE DELAWARE CODE RELATING TO COMPUTER SECURITY BREACHES.	Enacted	2 September 2026
FL	HB 1081	Cybersecurity Experiential Learning	Enacted	26 June 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
FL	HB 1085	Local Government Cyber Security	Enacted	26 May 2026
FL	HB 1183	Cybersecurity Incident Liability	Dead	16 June 2025
FL	HB 1293	Cybersecurity	Dead	16 June 2025
FL	HB 1379†	Cybersecurity Risks from Unmanned Aircraft Systems Companion: FL SB 1358	Dead	16 June 2025
FL	HB 381	Office of Financial Regulation	Dead	13 March 2026
FL	HB 635	Cybersecurity Standards and Liability Companion: FL SB 692	Dead	13 March 2026
FL	HB 7013	OGSR/Cybersecurity	Passed committee	29 April 2025
FL	HB 7023	OGSR/Cybersecurity	Passed committee	9 March 2026
FL	HB 777	Pub. Rec./Office of Financial Regulation	Dead	13 March 2026
FL	HB 925	Threats from Foreign Nations	Dead	16 June 2025
FL	SB 1216	Cybersecurity of Mortgage Brokers and Lenders and Money Services Businesses	Dead	16 June 2025
FL	SB 1266	Cybersecurity Internships	Passed committee	10 March 2026
FL	SB 1440	Public Records/Office of Financial Regulation	Dead	13 March 2026
FL	SB 1522	Security of State Information Technology Systems	Dead	13 March 2026
FL	SB 1536	Cybersecurity	Dead	16 June 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
FL	SB 1576	Cybersecurity Incident Liability	Dead	16 June 2025
FL	SB 394	Elections	Dead	16 June 2025
FL	SB 480	Information Technology	Dead	13 March 2026
FL	SB 54	Criminal Offenses	Dead	16 June 2025
FL	SB 540	Office of Financial Regulation	Dead	13 March 2026
FL	SB 576	Local Government Cybersecurity	Passed committee	11 March 2026
FL	SB 7020	OGSR/Agency Cybersecurity Information Companion: FL SPB 7020	Enacted	20 May 2025
FL	SB 7024	OGSR/Cybersecurity, Information Technology, and Operational Technology Information Companion: FL SPB 7024	Enacted	12 June 2026
FL	SB 770	Cybersecurity	Dead	16 June 2025
GA	HB 161	Georgia Bureau of Investigation; authority to issue subpoenas of electronic communication records for purposes of investigating certain cyber enabled threats to life and property; provide	Enacted	1 July 2025
GA	HB 886	State government; prohibit state agencies and local government entities from responding to ransomware activity	In committee	4 April 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
GA	HR 817	House Study Committee on Governmental Use of Drones and Unmanned Aircraft from Foreign Adversaries; create	■ Passed committee	4 April 2025
GU	B 262-38†	AN ACT TO APPROPRIATE THE SUM OF EIGHT HUNDRED NINETY THOUSAND ($890,000) TO I LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN FOR ITS CYBERSECURITY AND AUTOMATIONS NEEDS FOR FY 2026.	Introduced	-
HI	HCR 75	REQUESTING THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII TO ASSESS THE CRITERIA REQUIRED TO ESTABLISH AN EDUCATIONAL PIPELINE AND CURRICULUM TO ENSURE THAT STUDENTS ACQUIRE THE NECESSARY SKILLS IN ADVANCED MANUFACTURING AND CYBERSECURITY. Companion: HI HR 67	■ Passed chamber	28 March 2025
HI	SB 1038	RELATING TO PRIVACY.	■ Passed chamber	19 March 2025
HI	SB 1038	RELATING TO PRIVACY. Companion: HI SB 3016	■ Passed chamber	8 December 2025
HI	SB 3015	RELATING TO PERSONAL INFORMATION.	■ Passed chamber	20 February 2026
HI	SB 3184	RELATING TO DIGITAL ASSETS.	In committee	2 February 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
IA	HF 2452	A bill for an act establishing the data security program within the department of education, and making appropriations.	In committee	16 February 2026
IA	HSB 609	A bill for an act modifying the duties of the workforce development board, state board of education, and department of education related to cyber and artificial intelligence. Companion: IA HF 2528	■ Passed committee	16 February 2026
IA	HSB 752	A bill for an act relating to certain activities associated with foreign entities in the state, providing penalties, and making penalties applicable. Companion: IA HF 2646	■ Passed committee	19 February 2026
IA	SF 2200	A bill for an act relating to school email security by requiring school districts, charter schools, and area education agencies to implement certain email security standards.	In committee	12 February 2026
ID	H 117	INSURANCE DATA SECURITY ACT – Adds to existing law to establish the Insurance Data Security Act in the event of cybersecurity attacks.	■ Passed committee	20 March 2025
ID	H 168	CYBERSECURITY AND RESILIENCY FUND – Adds to existing law to establish a cybersecurity and resiliency fund to address the state's need for information technology and cybersecurity	Introduced	10 February 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		infrastructure. Companion: ID H 421		
ID	H 277	OFFICE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SERVICES – Amends existing law to provide for certain criminal history checks to be performed.	■ Enacted	24 March 2025
ID	H 35	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SERVICES – Amends and adds to existing law to require the implementation of cybersecurity best practices and the use of multifactor identification in Idaho state government. Companion: ID H 4	■ Enacted	25 February 2025
IL	HB 2334	FOIA-CYBERSECURITY	In committee	21 March 2025
IL	HB 3119	INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION ACT	Introduced	18 February 2025
IL	HB 3485	IEMA-OHS UPDATES	In committee	21 March 2025
IL	HB 3576	WATER UTILITY CYBERSECURITY	■ In committee	27 March 2026
IL	HB 4144	IEMA-OHS-MABAS-ILEAS FUNDING	■ In committee	27 March 2026
IL	HB 4506	ELEC CD-SECURE ELECTIONS FUND	■ In committee	27 March 2026
IL	HB 4528	ELEC CD-CYBERSECURITY Companion: IL SB 3058	■ In committee	27 March 2026
IL	SB 1363	CYBERSECURITY TRAINING	Introduced	29 January 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
IL	SB 1512	CONSUMER FIN PROTECTION LAW	Introduced	19 March 2025
IL	SB 1542	DOIT-POWERS AND DUTIES	Introduced	4 February 2025
IL	SB 2408	IEMA-UPDATE Companion: IL HB 3620	Enacted	15 August 2025
IL	SB 76†	GOV IMMUNITY-DATA BREACHES	In committee	21 March 2025
IN	HB 1383†	Indiana civilian cyber corps.	In committee	13 January 2025
IN	SB 313†	Law enforcement data.	In committee	23 January 2025
IN	SB 472†	Cybersecurity.	Enacted	1 May 2025
KS	HB 2270†	Authorizing the chief information security officer to receive audit reports and updating statutes related to services provided by the chief information technology officer.	Passed committee	19 February 2026
KS	HB 2271†	Removing the expiration of provisions relating to moving cybersecurity services under the chief information technology officer of each branch of government.	Dead	10 April 2026
KS	HB 2574†	Removing the expiration on certain cybersecurity requirements, modifying the duties of chief information security officers and cybersecurity programs, requiring assessment of executive branch agency compliance with cybersecurity requirements, providing for	Enacted	9 April 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		consideration of such compliance by the legislature during the budget process and creating the judicial branch technology oversight council.		
KS	SB 51	House Substitute for SB 51 by Committee on Legislative Modernization - Authorizing the chief information security officer to receive audit reports, updating statutes related to services provided by the chief information technology officer and authorizing the office of information technology services to provide certain services to political subdivisions and hospitals.	■ Enacted	10 April 2026
KY	HB 280	AN ACT relating to information technology systems and declaring an emergency.	In committee	4 March 2025
KY	SB 260	AN ACT relating to cybersecurity.	In committee	20 February 2025
LA	HB 1033	CRIME: Provides relative to the definition of "critical infrastructure"	■ Enacted	15 May 2026
LA	SB 75†	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY: Provides for reimbursement to the state for cyber reinforcement support provided to noncompliant recipients. (8/1/26) (EN SEE FISC NOTE SG RV)	■ Enacted	15 May 2026
MA	H 104	An Act establishing the Massachusetts Data Privacy Act Companion: MA S 45, MA SD 267	In committee	17 November 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
MA	H 105	An Act relative to electronic security for the Commonwealth Companion: MA HD 79	In committee	12 February 2026
MA	H 3363†	An Act relative to cyber procurement projects	In committee	12 March 2026
MA	H 358	An Act relative to the security of personal financial information Companion: MA HD 3351	In committee	8 December 2025
MA	H 4807	An Act relative to updating the security of personal information	Passed committee	8 December 2025
MA	H 82	An Act relative to cyberattack response in Massachusetts Companion: MA HD 1316	Passed committee	17 September 2025
MA	H 89†	An Act providing for consumer protection in a digital economy	In committee	12 February 2026
MA	H 93	An Act relative to protecting sensitive information from security breaches Companion: MA HD 707	Passed committee	21 July 2025
MA	HD 1336†	An Act relative to cyber procurement projects	Introduced	-
MA	S 187†	An Act relative to protecting biometric information under the security breach law Companion: MA SD 1559	Passed committee	31 December 2025
MA	S 39	An Act protecting sensitive personal information from breaches and other cybersecurity incidents Companion: MA SD 2333	In committee	12 May 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
MA	S 42†	An Act protecting against cyber ransom Companion: MA SD 2020	In committee	9 October 2025
MA	S 49	An Act relative to cybersecurity and artificial intelligence Companion: MA SD 873	Passed committee	12 May 2025
MD	HB 1079	Public Service Commission - Study on the Electric Transmission and Distribution System	In committee	3 March 2025
MD	HB 1239	Public Safety - Critical Infrastructure Protection Companion: MD SB 825	Enacted	12 May 2026
MD	HB 1309	Cybersecurity – Standards, Compliance, and Audits – Alterations Companion: MD SB 907	In committee	8 March 2025
MD	HB 1321	Income Tax - Credit for Cybersecurity Measures Undertaken by Small Businesses	In committee	7 February 2025
MD	HB 1335	Department of Information Technology - Information Technology Staffing and Capability Assessment - Independent Study	Enacted	31 May 2026
MD	HB 1468	Cyber Maryland Program – Revisions	Passed chamber	7 April 2025
MD	HB 209	State Finance and Procurement - Local Cybersecurity Preparedness and Response Plan and Assessment - Repeal	Enacted	22 April 2025
MD	HB 235	State Government - Information Technology -	Enacted	22 April 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		Cybersecurity Revisions		
MD	HB 333	Healthcare Ecosystem Stakeholder Cybersecurity Workgroup	■ Vetoed	16 May 2025
MD	HB 376	Maryland Cybersecurity Council - Alterations	■ Enacted	20 May 2025
MD	HB 444	Criminal Law – Interference With Critical Infrastructure or a Public Safety Answering Point – Penalties	In committee	17 January 2025
MD	HB 445	Criminal Law - Interference With a Public Safety Answering Point - Penalties Companion: MD SB 81	■ Enacted	22 April 2025
MD	HB 593	Criminal Law - Interference With Critical Infrastructure or a Public Safety Answering Point	■ Enacted	12 May 2026
MD	HB 82	Cyber Maryland Program - Revisions Companion: MD SB 241	In committee	8 January 2025
MD	HB 861	Department of Information Technology - Statewide Information Technology Master Plan - Reporting	■ Enacted	12 May 2026
MD	HB 957	Cybersecurity - Standards and Compliance - Alterations Companion: MD SB 601	■ Enacted	14 April 2026
MD	SB 183	Public Safety - Maryland Cyber Reserve - Established	In committee	3 February 2026
MD	SB 239	State Finance and Procurement - Local Cybersecurity Preparedness and Response Plan and Assessment - Repeal	■ Enacted	22 April 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
MD	SB 244	State Government - Information Technology - Cybersecurity Revisions	Enacted	22 April 2025
MD	SB 25	Income Tax - Cybersecurity Technology and Service Tax Credit - Alterations Companion: MD HB 290	Passed chamber	16 March 2026
MD	SB 294	Maryland Cybersecurity Council - Alterations	Enacted	20 May 2025
MD	SB 482	Criminal Law - Interference With Critical Infrastructure or a Public Safety Answering Point	Enacted	12 May 2026
MD	SB 581	Department of Information Technology - Statewide Information Technology Master Plan - Reporting	Enacted	12 May 2026
MD	SB 691	Healthcare Ecosystem Stakeholder Cybersecurity Workgroup	Vetoed	16 May 2025
MD	SB 727	Municipal Elections - Qualified Electronic Transmission Systems - Authorization for Use	In committee	10 February 2026
MD	SB 867	Cyber Maryland Program - Revisions	Enacted	22 April 2025
MD	SB 871	Department of the Environment - Community Water and Sewerage Systems - Cybersecurity Planning and Assessments Companion: MD HB 1062	Enacted	13 May 2025
ME	LD 2092	An Act To Update Certain Terms And References	Enacted	15 April 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		Regarding Information Technology And Cybersecurity		
ME	LD 2103	An Act Requiring Hospitals To Adopt Cybersecurity Plans	Enacted	13 April 2026
ME	LD 224	An Act To Expand The Definition Of "Terrorism" In The Laws Governing The Maine Emergency Management Agency	Enacted	16 May 2025
MI	HB 5247	Civil rights: public records; limited access to public records; provide for incarcerated individuals. Amends secs. 1, 2, 3 & 5 of 1976 PA 442 (MCL 15.231 et seq.).	In committee	13 November 2025
MI	HB 5330†	Aeronautics: unmanned aircraft systems; cybersecurity and data protection requirements for drones; provide for. Amends 2016 PA 436 (MCL 259.301 - 259.331) by adding sec. 16.	Passed committee	12 May 2026
MI	HB 5847	Public utilities: electric utilities; cyber-physical security and operational technology protections for electric utility facilities and natural gas utilities; provide for. Amends 1939 PA 3 (MCL 460.1 - 460.11) by adding 10ii.	In committee	23 April 2026
MI	HB 5848	Energy: other; cyber-physical security and operational technology protections for battery energy storage systems; provide for. Amends 2008 PA 295 (MCL 460.1001	In committee	23 April 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		- 460.1232) by adding sec. 112.		
MI	HB 5849	Businesses: other; cyber-physical security and operational technology protections for data centers; provide for. Creates new act.	In committee	23 April 2026
MI	HB 5850	Water supply: systems; cyber-physical security and operational technology protections for public water systems; provide for. Amends sec. 21 of 1976 PA 399 (MCL 325.1021) & adds sec. 8a.	In committee	23 April 2026
MI	HB 6011	Businesses: other; cybersecurity requirements for large-scale solar energy facilities; provide for. Amends 2008 PA 295 (MCL 460.1001 - 460.1232) by adding sec. 112a.	In committee	2 June 2026
MI	SB 360	Consumer protection: identity theft; identity theft protection act; modify. Amends ses. 3, 12 & 12b of 2004 PA 452 (MCL 445.63 et seq.); adds secs. 11a, 11b, 20, 20a, 20b & 20c & repeals secs. 15 & 17 of 2004 PA 452 (MCL 445.75 & 445.77).	Passed chamber	26 August 2025
MI	SB 549	Insurance: other; data security enforcement; modify. Amends secs. 553, 561 & 563 of 1956 PA 218 (MCL 500.553 et seq.) & adds secs. 564 & 564a.	Passed committee	11 February 2026
MI	SB 745	Consumer protection: identity theft; citations to the motor	Passed committee	10 June 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		vehicle sales finance act in the identity theft protection act; revise. Amends sec. 3 of 2004 PA 452 (MCL 445.63). TIE BAR WITH: SB 0739'25		
MN	HF 140†	State-funded county and city cybersecurity grant program established, report required, and money appropriated.	In committee	17 February 2025
MN	HF 2610†	Cybersecurity permitted to be offered as an applied doctoral degree.	In committee	20 March 2025
MN	HF 2630†	Crime of unauthorized computer access expanded to include accessing a computer without penetrating security system.	In committee	24 March 2025
MN	HF 3013†	Milestone Community Development funding provided for a cybersecurity training program, and money appropriated.	In committee	1 April 2025
MN	HF 3860†	Cybersecurity legislative commission extended. Companion: MN SF 3863	■ Passed chamber	11 May 2026
MN	SF 2069†	Metropolitan State University cyber range services funding authorization and appropriation	In committee	3 March 2025
MN	SF 2753†	Cybersecurity offering as an applied doctoral degree authorization provision	In committee	1 April 2025
MN	SF 3292	Milestone Community Development cybersecurity training program appropriation	In committee	7 April 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
MN	SF 379†	State-funded county and city cybersecurity grant program establishment	In committee	20 March 2025
MN	SF 703†	Crime of unauthorized computer access expansion to include accessing a computer without penetrating a security system	In committee	27 January 2025
MO	HB 1231	Creates new provisions related to infrastructure security	In committee	2 April 2025
MO	HB 210	Establishes the "Unmanned Aerial Systems Security Act of 2025"	In committee	3 March 2025
MO	HB 436	Establishes cybersecurity and informational security standards to safeguard insurance company customer information	■ Passed committee	6 May 2025
MO	SB 1003	SS/SCS/SB 1003 - This act modifies provisions relating to military affairs. GRANTS FROM THE MISSOURI MILITARY FAMILY RELIEF FUND (SECTION 41.216) This act modifies the composition of the panel that recommends to the Adjutant General to make grants or provide other financial assistance or services from the Missouri Military Family Relief Fund. Instead of a sergeant major of the Missouri National Guard, the panel shall include a senior enlisted leader of the Missouri National Guard. This act also provides that the Adjutant General, rather than the panel, shall have the power	■ Passed committee	15 May 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		to establish criteria for the grants. Furthermore, the grants may be made to members of the Missouri National Guard in addition to families of members and other reserve members of the Armed Forces of the United States. This provision is identical to a provision in the perfected SS/SCS/SB 974 (2026) and in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HB 2593 (2026). MISSOURI NATIONAL GUARD RIBBONS (SECTIONS 41.475, 41.598 & 41.599) This act establishes a Missouri National Guard Counterdrug Program Ribbon, which the Adjutant General is authorized to present to any member of the Missouri National Guard who has participated in the Counterdrug Program after January 1, 1989. This act also establishes the Missouri National Guard Homeland Response Force Program Ribbon, which the Adjutant General is authorized to present to any member of the Missouri National Guard who has participated in the Homeland Response Force Program after January 1, 2012. This act establishes a Missouri National Guard Engineer Explosive Ordnance Clearance Agent Ribbon, which the Adjutant General is authorized to present to any member of the Missouri National Guard who has		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		participated in an engineer explosive ordnance clearance agent course after January 1, 2012. These provisions are identical to provisions in the perfected SS/SCS/SB 974 (2026) and in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HB 2593 (2026). FEDERAL ASSET FORFEITURE PROGRAM PARTICIPATION BY THE NATIONAL GUARD (SECTION 41.477) This act creates the Missouri National Guard Counterdrug Revolving Fund, which shall consist of all monies received by the Missouri National Guard through federal asset forfeiture programs for purposes authorized by such programs. Participation in federal asset forfeiture programs shall be at the discretion of the Adjutant General. Upon electing to participate, the Missouri National Guard shall comply with the terms of an equitable sharing agreement and certificate of the federal asset forfeiture program. This provision is identical to a provision in SS/SCS/SB 974 (2026) and in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HB 2593 (2026). CYBERSECURITY MISSION ACT (SECTIONS 41.1015 TO 41.1018) This act establishes the Cybersecurity Mission Act, which provides that upon the request of the Director of the Department of Public Safety,		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		the Missouri National Guard may enter into agreements for aid related to cybersecurity, cyber-attack prevention, cyber-attack response, and cyber-attack support activities for this state and for political subdivisions, governing bodies, public colleges and universities, law enforcement agencies, utility companies, and critical infrastructure facilities of this state. The Adjutant General may activate members on state order to carry out such activities. The Missouri National Guard Cyber-Security Revolving Fund is created and shall consist of monies appropriated by the General Assembly and monies received as a charge and monies received as reimbursement for expenses incurred by the Missouri National Guard related to rendering aid under this act. These provisions are identical to provisions in SS/SCS/SB 974 (2026) and in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HB 2593 (2026). RECOGNITION MEDALS (SECTIONS 42.300 TO 42.316) The Missouri Veterans' Commission may use the Veterans Commission Capital Improvement Trust Fund for payment of expenses associated with providing medals, medallions, and certificates in recognition of service in the Armed Forces of		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		the United States for any conflict, war, operation, and similar incident identified in law, rather than during World War II, the Korean Conflict, and the Vietnam War. Furthermore, this act provides that spouses or eldest living survivors of a deceased veteran, who was entitled to but died prior to applying, may apply for, on behalf of the deceased veteran, the following medallions, medals, and certificates: • Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation New Dawn; • Operation Enduring Freedom, Operation Freedom's Sentinel, and Operation Allies Refuge Program; and • Operation Desert Shield and Operation Desert Storm. The Missouri Veterans' Commission shall design the form for such medallions, medals, and certificates. The Adjutant General shall determine as expeditiously as possible those persons who are entitled to such medallions, medals, and certificates and shall notify the General Assembly when such supply totals less than 100. These provisions are identical to provisions in the perfected SS/SCS/SB 974 (2026) and in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HB 2593 (2026). STATE-SPONSORED LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM (SECTION 105.265) This act provides that the Adjutant General shall be the official		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		sponsor of the state-sponsored life insurance program, which is the life insurance program exclusively offered to all members of the Missouri National Guard through the Missouri National Guard Association in accordance with federal law. The Missouri National Guard Association shall select the insurer used to provide the program. Furthermore, the Adjutant General shall: (1) Allow, facilitate, and coordinate all efforts to make the program available to all Missouri National Guard members; (2) Provide an opportunity for Missouri National Guard members to purchase products of the program; (3) Allow, facilitate, and coordinate requested allotments with the appropriate United States Property and Fiscal Office; (4) Allow program representatives to provide Missouri National Guard members with program briefings during annual training and inactive duty training periods; and (5) Allow Missouri National Guard members to designate or change beneficiaries under the program. This provision is identical to a provision in the perfected SS/SCS/SB 974 (2026) and in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HB 2593 (2026). LEAVE FROM EMPLOYMENT FOR MILITARY SERVICE		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		(SECTION 105.270) This act expands, from 120 to 160, the maximum number of hours in leave of absence per federal fiscal year that certain public employees are entitled to take to perform specified military duties without loss of time, pay, regular leave, impairment of efficiency rating, or of any other rights or benefits to which the employees are otherwise entitled. This provision is identical to a provision in the perfected SS/SCS/SB 974 (2026) and in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HB 2593 (2026). TUITION AND FEE WAIVERS FOR MISSOURI NATIONAL GUARD MEMBERS (SECTION 173.239) Currently, the tuition and fee waiver for undergraduate courses at Missouri higher education institutions to Missouri National Guard members apply after GI Bill educational entitlements. This act repeals this provision. This provision is similar to a provision in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HB 2593 (2026). REPEAL OF THE MILITARY COUNSEL (SECTION 41.220) Finally, this act repeals the Military Council, which duties included acting in an advisory capacity on matters provided by the Governor and the Adjutant General and making recommendations of appropriations for the needs of the militia and expending such		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		appropriations. This provision is identical to a provision in the perfected SS/SCS/SB 974 (2026) and in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HB 2593 (2026). KATIE O'BRIEN		
MO	SB 113	Creates a one-time grant for employers to enhance cybersecurity	In committee	23 January 2025
MO	SB 1281	SB 1281 - This act repeals the sunset date of the Cyber Crime Investigation Fund and the grant program created under the Fund. This act is identical to CCS/HCS/SS/SCS/SB 60 (2025) and is similar to a provision in SB 893 (2026), HB 1946 (2026), SS/SCS/HCS/HBs 2273, 1946, 1814 & 2551 (2026), HCS/SS#2/SCS/SB 10 (2025), SCS/HCS/HB 87 (2025), SCS/HCS/HB 615 (2025), SCS/HCS/HB 1259 (2025), and SS/HCS/HB 1464 (2025). TRISTAN BENSON, JR.	In committee	27 January 2026
MO	SB 1747	SB 1747 - CYBERCRIME VICTIM PROTECTIONS (SECTION 285.625, 285.630, 285.635, 285.650, 285.670, 455.030, 595.205,595.400, & 595.450) Currently, victims of domestic or sexual violence are afforded workplace protections such as unpaid leave, continuance of medical coverage during unpaid leave, and certain reasonable safety accommodations. This act	■ In committee	7 May 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		extends those same protections to victims of cyberharassment, cyberstalking, harassment, and stalking. Further this act protects employees who report certain behaviors from retaliation by their employer. This act establishes the Cybercrimes Survivors' Bill of Rights. These provisions require that an appropriate medical provider, law enforcement officer, and prosecuting attorney shall provide the cybercrimes survivor with notification of the rights of survivors. The Department of Public Safety with the Attorney General shall develop forms and procedures for gathering, transmitting, and storing evidence related to cyberharassment, cyberstalking, harassment, and stalking offenses. The Department of Public Safety shall develop a document in collaboration with Missouri-based stakeholders and shall provide this document in clear language that is comprehensible to a person proficient in English and shall provide this document in any other foreign language spoken by at least five percent of the population in any county or city not within a county in Missouri. The Elder Abuse Task Force is established within this act. This fourteen member task force shall appoint a chairperson		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		who is elected by a majority vote of the members of the task force. Under this act, the task force shall examine and make recommendations on romance scams, educational resources deemed necessary by the task force to educate and inform victims and the public on ways to protect themselves, measures necessary to address and reduce elder abuse, and measures to help victims and victims' families prevent and heal from elder abuse. Under this act, the Missouri Supreme Court shall develop guidelines for the redaction of personal identifying information in court documents. NO-CALL LIST (SECTION 407.1095, 407.1098, 407.1101, & 407.1104) This act adds definitions for "business subscriber", "call spoofing", "seller" and "telemarketer" to this chapter. Under current law a natural person responding to a referral, or person setting or attempting to set an appointment for actions related to their licensed trade is an exception to the "telephone solicitation" definition for the purposes of the state no-call list. This act removes that exception. Under this act business subscribers are eligible to be placed on the state's no-call list. Currently the Attorney General can determine the length of time		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		that an individual remains on the no-call list before having to send another notice. This act allows a person to remain on the no-call list indefinitely. These provisions are similar to HB 2147 (2026), HB 2472 (2026), and HB 2546 (2026). CALLER ID ANTI-SPOOFING (SECTION 407.1115) The act establishes the "Caller ID Anti-Spoofing Act", which requires with these requirements if the provider has filed a certification with the Federal Communications Commission that the provider's traffic meets certain requirements detailed in the act. No later than August 28, 2027, providers must implement a Secure Telephone Identity Revisited (STIR) and Signature-based Handling of Asserted Information Using toKENs (SHAKEN) authentication protocol or an alternative technology that provides comparable or superior capability to verify and authenticate certain caller identification information. Any provider that knowingly fails or neglects to comply with these requirements is subject to fines of $25,000 for the first offense, $50,000 for the second offense, and $75,000 for the third and any subsequent offense. It is a violation of these provisions if a caller enters false information or places a call knowing false		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		information was entered into a caller identification service with the intent to deceive, defraud, or mislead the recipient of the call. Certain calls are exempt from these requirements as specified in the act. The recipient of any call in which the caller uses false caller identification information will have standing to recover punitive damages against the caller in an amount up to $5,000 per call. Call recipients can bring action under this provision as members of a class. The Attorney General can initiate legal proceedings or intervene in legal proceedings on behalf of call recipients. This provision is identical to HB 2147 (2026), and HB 2472 (2026). FIREARM RESTRICTIONS (SECTION 455.050, 455.523, 565.076, 565.227, & 571.070) This act provides that after a hearing for any full order of protection in which an order of protection is granted, the court may also prohibit the respondent from knowingly possessing or purchasing any firearm while the order is in effect, and inform the respondent either in writing or orally of such prohibition. If the respondent is prohibited from possessing or purchasing firearms, the court shall forward the order to the State Highway Patrol for enforcement. This act provides that upon conviction for the		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		offenses of domestic assault in the fourth degree and stalking in the second degree, the court shall forward the record of conviction to the State Highway Patrol. The State Highway Patrol shall update the respondent's record in the National Instant Criminal Background Check System and also notify the Federal Bureau of Investigation within 24 hours. This act provides that a person commits the offense of unlawful possession of a firearm if the person knowingly possesses a firearm and has been convicted of a domestic violence offense in Missouri or any other state or is subject to an order of protection prohibiting the possession or purchase of a firearm that was issued after a hearing in which the person had actual notice and had the opportunity to participate in such hearing. These provisions are identical to provisions in SB 328 (2025), similar to provisions in SB 91 (2025) and HB 904 (2025), identical to provisions in SB 913 (2024), SB 431 (2023), SB 59 (2023), and SB 305 (2023), and similar to provisions in HB 3048 (2026), HB 3286 (2026), SB 894 (2022), HB 1655 (2022), SB 144 (2021), and HB 2131 (2020). OFFENSES (SECTION 27.117, 565.076, 565.090, 565.091, 565.227, 565.260, 565.400, 565.405, 573.570, &		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		573.575) This act allows the Attorney General to prosecute certain offenses that occurred in more than one jurisdiction. Currently, the offense of domestic assault in the fourth degree is a class A misdemeanor, unless it is a second or subsequent offense in which case it will be a class E felony. This act makes the offense a class E felony for a first offense and a class D felony for a second or subsequent offense. Under current law a first offense of harassment in the first degree is a class E felony. This act provides that a second or subsequent conviction of harassment in the first degree shall be a class D felony where the individual has previously been found guilty of harassment in the first or second degree. In current statute a first offense of harassment in the second degree is a class A misdemeanor. Under this act a second or subsequent conviction of harassment in the second degree are modified to include a conviction of harassment in the first degree as a previous conviction and it is a class E felony. Currently, the offense of stalking in the second degree is a class A misdemeanor, unless it is a second or subsequent offense in which case it shall be a class E felony. This act provides that		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		the first offense shall be a class E felony, and a second or subsequent offense shall be a class D felony. This act creates the offense of unlawful tracking of a motor vehicle. A person is guilty of this offense if he or she knowingly installs, conceals, or otherwise places an electronic tracking device in or on a motor vehicle. This offense shall be a class A misdemeanor for a first offense and a class E felony for a second or subsequent offense. This act creates the offense of cyberharassment. A person commits this offense if he or she purposely or knowingly engages in a threatening, aggressive, or otherwise fear-inducing, course of conduct by using digital technology, internet service providers, electronic service providers or other electronic communications and devices cause reasonable fear, alarm, anxiety, undo stress, or terror to others by repeated contact with no legitimate purpose. This act shall be a class B misdemeanor upon a first offense and a class A misdemeanor for second or subsequent offenses. A person commits the offense of cyberstalking if such person purposely or knowingly engages in a threatening, aggressive, or otherwise fear-inducing, course of conduct by using digital technology,		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		internet service providers, electronic service providers or other electronic communications and devices to enhance the ability to intimidate, track, follow or cause reasonable fear, alarm, anxiety, undo stress, or terror to another person. A first offense shall be a class A misdemeanor and a second or subsequent offense shall be a class E felony. This act creates the offense of disclosure of an intimate digital depiction. A person shall be guilty of such offense if he or she discloses or threatens to disclose an intimate digital depiction with the intent to harass or threaten another person. A violation of such offense is a class D felony if the person discloses an intimate digital depiction and a class E felony if the person threatens to disclose an intimate digital depiction. Any second or subsequent violation of disclosure of an intimate digital depiction is a class C felony. It shall be a class D felony for a second or subsequent conviction of threatening to disclose an intimate digital depiction. Additionally, it shall be a class C felony if the disclosure interferes with a government proceeding or causes violence. This act creates the offense of sadistic online exploitation. A person commits this offense where he or she uses the		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		internet to coerce a victim into committing certain acts. This offense shall be a class E felony, except if bodily harm or injury occurs, in which case it shall be a class D felony. ADDRESS CONFIDENTIALITY PROGRAM (SECTION 589.660 & 589.663) The list of individuals protected by the address confidentiality program is amending by adding victims of cyberstalking, harassment and cyberharassment. PEACE OFFICER TRAINING (SECTION 590.040) Under this act, every peace officer licensed after August 28, 2027, must receive as part of their basic training four hours of training specific to cyberstalking, harassment and cyberharassment. The training shall also include the legal rights and remedies available to victims, including the civil and criminal remedies, and resources and services available to victims. TRISTAN BENSON, JR.		
MO	SB 385	Enacts provisions relating to insurance companies' data security	■ Passed committee	11 March 2025
MO	SB 890	SS/SCS/SB 890 - This act requires each state department with oversight of an administrative entity to submit an annual report to the General Assembly detailing any administrative entity that has not convened a public meeting	■ Enacted	13 July 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		or conducted public business during the three year period ending on August 28th of such year. The act further repeals and reassigns duties for a number of administrative entities. The Division of Workforce Development within the Department of Economic Development is renamed and moved to the Office of Workforce Development within the Department of Higher Education and Workforce Development. The Board for Certification of Interpreters is repealed and its duties assigned to the Missouri Commission for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing. The Life Sciences Research Board is repealed and its duties assigned the Department of Economic Development. The act repeals the Missouri Quality Home Care Council is repealed as well as all duties of the Council. The act repeals the following entities: the Career Readiness Course Task Force; the Infection Control Advisory Panel; the Missouri Arthritis Advisory Board and the Arthritis Program Review Committee; the AgriMissouri Advisory Commission for Marketing Missouri Agricultural Products; the Coordinating Board for Early Childhood; the Minority Environmental Literacy Advisory Committee; the Missouri Cybersecurity Commission; the Small		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		Business Compliance Advisory Committee; and the Commission on the Special Health, Psychological and Social Needs of Minority Older Individuals. This act is similar to SB 729 (2025). JIM ERTLE		
MO	SB 928	SCS/SB 928 - This act modifies provisions relating to criminal offenses. ATTORNEY GENERAL (SECTION 27.117) This act gives the Attorney General concurrent jurisdiction to prosecute certain offenses that occurred in more than one jurisdiction. PROTECTIVE ORDERS (SECTION 455.050) Under current law, a person that petitions for a full or ex parte protective order is protected from certain offenses if the order is granted. This act adds cyberstalking to the list of offenses. RELEASE FROM JAIL (SECTION 544.667) Currently, a person can be released from jail upon recognizance or bond. This act provides that a person that has been released under such circumstances that fails to comply with the conditions of such release that imposes no contact with the victim shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor and shall forfeit any security that was pledged for their release. CRIMINAL OFFENSES (SECTIONS 565.002, 565.050, 565.052, 565.054, 565.056, 565.072, 565.073, 565.074, 565.090,	■ Passed committee	4 March 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		565.091, 565.225, 565.227, 565.260, 565.400, 565.405, 573.570, & 573.575) This act modifies the offenses of assault in the first, second, third, and fourth degrees and the offenses of domestic violence in the first, second, third, and fourth degrees by removing the defined terms of "serious physical injury" and "physical injury" and providing for the following harms: • Great bodily harm: Bodily injury which creates a high probability of death, or which causes serious permanent or protracted loss or impairment of function of any bodily member or organ, or other serious bodily harm; • Substantial bodily harm: Bodily harm which involves a temporary but substantial disfigurement, or which causes temporary but substantial loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ, or which causes a fracture of any bodily member; and • Bodily harm: Physical pain or injury, illness, or any impairment of physical condition. Under current law, the first offense of harassment in the first degree is a class E felony. This act provides that a second or subsequent conviction of harassment in the first degree shall be a class D felony where the individual has previously been found guilty of harassment in the first or		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		second degree. Currently, a first offense of harassment in the second degree is a class A misdemeanor. Under this act, provisions relating to a second or subsequent conviction of harassment in the second degree are modified to include a conviction of harassment in the first degree as a previous conviction in which case it is a class E felony. This act modifies the offense of stalking in the first degree by repealing the elements of such offense and providing that a person commits the offense of stalking in the first degree when the person knowingly, through a course of conduct that is directed at another person or through technological abuse, as defined in the act, engages in conduct that would cause a reasonable person under similar circumstances to: • Fear death or bodily injury, as defined in this act; • Fear that an offense will be committed against a member of the person's family, household members, or an individual with whom the person has a dating relationship; • Fear that an offense will be committed against the person's property; or • Feel harassed, terrified, or intimidated. This act modifies the offense of stalking in the second degree by repealing the elements of such offense and providing that a person commits the offense of stalking		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		in the second degree when the person knowingly, through a course of conduct that is directed at another person or through technological abuse, as defined in the act, engages in conduct that would cause a reasonable person under similar circumstances to feel harassed, terrified, or intimidated. This act creates the offense of unlawful tracking of a motor vehicle. A person is guilty of this offense if he or she knowingly installs, conceals, or otherwise places an electronic tracking device in or on a motor vehicle. This offense shall be a class A misdemeanor for a first offense and a class E felony for a second or subsequent offense. This act creates the offense of cyberharassment. A person commits this offense if he or she purposely or knowingly engages in a threatening, aggressive, or otherwise fear-inducing, course of conduct by using digital technology, internet service providers, electronic service providers or other electronic communications and devices cause reasonable fear, alarm, anxiety, undo stress, or terror to others by repeated contact with no legitimate purpose. This offense shall be a class B misdemeanor upon a first offense and a class A misdemeanor for second or subsequent offenses. A person		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		commits the offense of cyberstalking if such person purposely or knowingly engages in a threatening, aggressive, or otherwise fear-inducing, course of conduct by using digital technology, internet service providers, electronic service providers or other electronic communications and devices to enhance the ability to intimidate, track, follow or cause reasonable fear, alarm, anxiety, undo stress, or terror to another person. A first offense shall be a class A misdemeanor and a second or subsequent offense shall be a class E felony. This act creates the offense of disclosure of an intimate digital depiction. A person shall be guilty of such offense if he or she discloses or threatens to disclose an intimate digital depiction with the intent to harass or threaten another person. A violation of such offense is a class D felony if the person discloses an intimate digital depiction and a class E felony if the person threatens to disclose an intimate digital depiction. Any second or subsequent violation of such offense is a class C felony. Additionally, it shall be a class C felony if the disclosure interferes with a government proceeding or causes violence. This act creates the offense of sadistic online exploitation. A person commits this offense		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		where he or she uses the internet to coerce a victim into committing certain acts. This offense shall be a class E felony. This act is substantially similar to HB 3426 (2026). TRISTAN BENSON, JR.		
MO	SB 974	SS/SCS/SB 974 - This act modifies provisions relating to military affairs. GRANTS FROM THE MISSOURI MILITARY FAMILY RELIEF FUND (SECTION 41.216) This act modifies the composition of the panel that recommends to the Adjutant General to make grants or provide other financial assistance or services from the Missouri Military Family Relief Fund. Instead of a sergeant major of the Missouri National Guard, the panel shall include a senior enlisted leader of the Missouri National Guard. This act also provides that the Adjutant General, rather than the panel, shall have the power to establish criteria for the grants. Furthermore, the grants may be made to members of the Missouri National Guard in addition to families of members and other reserve members of the Armed Forces of the United States. This provision is identical to a provision in SS/SCS/SB 1003 (2026) and in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HB 2593 (2026). SUPPORTING MISSOURI SERVICEMEN AND WOMEN	■ Passed chamber	7 April 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		ACT - INSURANCE COVERAGE FOR CERTAIN MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL GUARD (SECTION 41.430) This act establishes the Supporting Missouri Servicemen and Women Act. Currently, members of the Missouri National Guard serving under state active duty orders receive the same pay, longevity, and allowances as members of like grade and branch of the Armed Forces of the United States, provided that such members at least receive the daily paygrade rate of an E5 with maximum longevity and dependents. This act additionally provides that members of the Missouri National Guard who are on state active duty orders for more than 30 days shall receive an allowance for any premiums for TRICARE or other government-sponsored insurance programs for coverage of the member during the period of active duty. This provision is identical to SCS/SB 925 (2026) and a provision in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HB 2593 (2026). MISSOURI NATIONAL GUARD RIBBONS (SECTIONS 41.475, 41.598 & 41.599) This act establishes a Missouri National Guard Counterdrug Program Ribbon, which the Adjutant General is authorized to present to any member of the Missouri		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		National Guard who has participated in the Counterdrug Program after January 1, 1989. This act also establishes the Missouri National Guard Homeland Response Force Program Ribbon, which the Adjutant General is authorized to present to any member of the Missouri National Guard who has participated in the Homeland Response Force Program after January 1, 2012. This act establishes a Missouri National Guard Engineer Explosive Ordnance Clearance Agent Ribbon, which the Adjutant General is authorized to present to any member of the Missouri National Guard who has participated in an engineer explosive ordnance clearance agent course after January 1, 2012. These provisions are identical to provisions in SS/SCS/SB 1003 (2026) and in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HB 2593 (2026). FEDERAL ASSET FORFEITURE PROGRAM PARTICIPATION BY THE NATIONAL GUARD (SECTION 41.477) This act creates the Missouri National Guard Counterdrug Revolving Fund, which shall consist of all monies received by the Missouri National Guard through federal asset forfeiture programs for purposes authorized by such programs. Participation in		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		federal asset forfeiture programs shall be at the discretion of the Adjutant General. Upon electing to participate, the Missouri National Guard shall comply with the terms of an equitable sharing agreement and certificate of the federal asset forfeiture program. This provision is identical to a provision in SS/SCS/SB 1003 (2026) and in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HB 2593 (2026). CYBERSECURITY MISSION ACT (SECTIONS 41.1015 TO 41.1018) This act establishes the Cybersecurity Mission Act, which provides that upon the request of the Director of the Department of Public Safety, the Missouri National Guard may enter into agreements for aid related to cybersecurity, cyber-attack prevention, cyber-attack response, and cyber-attack support activities for this state and for political subdivisions, governing bodies, public colleges and universities, law enforcement agencies, utility companies, and critical infrastructure facilities of this state. The Adjutant General may activate members on state order to carry out such activities. The Missouri National Guard Cyber-Security Revolving Fund is created and shall consist of monies appropriated by the General Assembly and		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		monies received as a charge and monies received as reimbursement for expenses incurred by the Missouri National Guard related to rendering aid under this act. These provisions are identical to provisions in SS/SCS/SB 1003 (2026) and in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HB 2593 (2026). MOGIVES - LIVING DONOR MEDICAL ORDERS FOR NATIONAL GUARD MEMBERS (SECTION 41.1030) This act establishes the Missouri Guaranteed Inclusive Voluntary Exceptional Service (MO GIVES) Program under the Department of the National Guard (Department). The MO GIVES Program allows members of the Missouri National Guard who choose to become living organ donors to receive living donor medical orders for purposes of remaining on paid status during the living donation period. The Department shall approve a member's participation if sufficient funds are available and the member: (1) Is under Troop Program Unit status or Individual Ready Reserve status; (2) Is in good standing with the Department; (3) Either is not eligible for living donor paid leave from the member's employer or elects not to use any such employer-based benefit available to the member; (4)		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		Specifies the type of donation; and (5) Agrees to undergo the procurement operation at a health care facility approved as a provider of continuing education points for transplant certification by the American Board for Transplant Certification. Upon approval of a member's application, the Department shall issue a living donor medical order, which shall: (1) Guarantee paid leave for the member for the living donation period, which shall not exceed 45 days unless an extension of time is deemed medically necessary by the primary surgical and medical recovery team; (2) Exempt the member from any requirement to use accrued annual or medical leave for the guaranteed paid living donation period; and (3) Provide a per diem allowance and a basic allowance for housing during the guaranteed paid living donation period based on the member's rank, region, and dependent status. This act also establishes the MO GIVES Fund, which consists of moneys used to fund the benefits provided under the MO GIVES Program. This provision is identical to SB 1539 (2026), SB 1555 (2026), HB 2664 (2026), and HB 2943 (2026), and is similar to a provision in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HB 2593 (2026).		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		COMPENSATION FOR VETERANS BENEFITS MATTERS (SECTION 42.028) This act provides that no person shall receive compensation for referring an individual to another person to advise or assist the individual with any veterans benefits matter, which is described in the act. Additionally, no person shall receive compensation for any services rendered in connection with any claim filed within the one-year presumptive period of active-duty release. A person seeking to receive compensation for advising, assisting, or consulting with any veterans benefits matter shall state the specific terms in a written agreement signed by both parties. Such compensation shall be purely contingent upon an increase in benefits and shall not exceed five times the amount of the monthly increase in benefits. Any initial or non-refundable fees or charges are prohibited by this act. Additionally, persons seeking to receive such compensation shall not utilize a medical professional with whom they have an employment or business relationship for a secondary medical exam. This act further provides that no person shall guarantee a successful outcome or that any individual is certain to receive specific benefits or a specific		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		level, percentage, or amount of benefits. Additionally, no person shall provide such services without including a written and oral disclosure, which is specified in the act. Such disclosure shall be retained for at least one year after the service relationship terminates. Persons engaging in the initial claim preparation shall not utilize international call or data centers for processing veterans' personal information nor gain direct access to any personal medical, financial, or governmental benefits log-in, username, or password information. A violation of this act shall constitute an unlawful practice under the Missouri Merchandising Practices Act. This provision is substantially similar to HB 2758 (2026) and SB 316 (2025) and is similar to SB 1405 (2024) and a provision in HCS/HB 1490 (2024). RECOGNITION MEDALS (SECTIONS 42.300 TO 42.316) The Missouri Veterans' Commission may use the Veterans Commission Capital Improvement Trust Fund for payment of expenses associated with providing medals, medallions, and certificates in recognition of service in the Armed Forces of the United States for any conflict, war, operation, and similar incident identified in law, rather than during World War II, the Korean Conflict, and		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		the Vietnam War. Furthermore, this act provides that spouses or eldest living survivors of a deceased veteran, who was entitled to but died prior to applying, may apply for, on behalf of the deceased veteran, the following medallions, medals, and certificates: • Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation New Dawn; • Operation Enduring Freedom, Operation Freedom's Sentinel, and Operation Allies Refuge Program; and • Operation Desert Shield and Operation Desert Storm. The Missouri Veterans' Commission shall design the form for such medallions, medals, and certificates. The Adjutant General shall determine as expeditiously as possible those persons who are entitled to such medallions, medals, and certificates and shall notify the General Assembly when such supply totals less than 100. These provisions are identical to provisions in SS/SCS/SB 1003 (2026) and in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HB 2593 (2026). STATE-SPONSORED LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM (SECTION 105.265) This act provides that the Adjutant General shall be the official sponsor of the state-sponsored life insurance program, which is the life insurance program exclusively offered to all members of the		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		Missouri National Guard through the Missouri National Guard Association in accordance with federal law. The Missouri National Guard Association shall select the insurer used to provide the program. Furthermore, the Adjutant General shall: (1) Allow, facilitate, and coordinate all efforts to make the program available to all Missouri National Guard members; (2) Provide an opportunity for Missouri National Guard members to purchase products of the program; (3) Allow, facilitate, and coordinate requested allotments with the appropriate United States Property and Fiscal Office; (4) Allow program representatives to provide Missouri National Guard members with program briefings during annual training and inactive duty training periods; and (5) Allow Missouri National Guard members to designate or change beneficiaries under the program. This provision is identical to a provision in SS/SCS/SB 1003 (2026) and in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HB 2593 (2026). LEAVE FROM EMPLOYMENT FOR MILITARY SERVICE (SECTION 105.270) This act expands, from 120 to 160, the maximum number of hours in leave of absence per federal fiscal year that certain public employees are entitled		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		to take to perform specified military duties without loss of time, pay, regular leave, impairment of efficiency rating, or of any other rights or benefits to which the employees are otherwise entitled. This provision is identical to a provision in SS/SCS/SB 1003 (2026) and in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HB 2593 (2026). INCOME TAX DEDUCTION FOR VETERAN SURVIVOR BENEFITS (SECTION 143.121) Current law authorizes an income tax deduction for retirement benefits received by a taxpayer as a result of service in the Armed Forces of the United States. This act also allows for the deduction of any survivor benefits derived from such service. This provision is identical to SB 1063 (2026) and a provision in SS/SB 59 (2025). REPEAL OF THE MILITARY COUNSEL (REPEAL OF SECTION 41.220) Finally, this act repeals the Military Council, which duties included acting in an advisory capacity on matters provided by the Governor and the Adjutant General and making recommendations of appropriations for the needs of the militia and expending such appropriations. This provision is identical to a provision in SS/SCS/SB 1003 (2026) and in the truly agreed to and		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		finally passed SS/SCS/HB 2593 (2026). KATIE O'BRIEN		
MO	SB 999	SS#2/SB 999 - This act modifies several provisions relating to vulnerable persons. ASSISTANCE FROM THE ATTORNEY GENERAL (Section 27.117) Under this act, a prosecuting attorney may request assistance from the Attorney General for the prosecution of the certain sexual offenses. This provision is identical to a provision in CCS/SS/SCS/HCS/HBs 2637 & 3155 (2026) and substantially similar to a provision in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HCS/HBs 2273 et al (2026). "BORN-ALIVE ABORTION SURVIVORS PROTECTION ACT (Section 188.035) This act creates the "Born-Alive Abortion Survivors Protection Act". Under this act, a child born alive during or after an abortion or attempted abortion shall have the same rights, privileges, and immunities as any other person, citizen, and resident of Missouri, including any other live-born child. Any licensed, registered, or certified health care provider present in the provider's professional capacity at the time a child is born alive during or after an abortion or attempted abortion shall exercise the same degree of professional skill, care, and diligence to preserve the life,	■ Enacted	13 July 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		health, and comfort of the child as a reasonably diligent and conscientious provider would render to any other child born alive at the same gestational age. Any person who knowingly performs or attempts to perform an overt act that kills a child born alive shall be guilty of first-degree murder. A person shall have the right to bring a cause of action for wrongful death or improper health care, as described in this act. This provision is similar to HCS/HBs 195 & 1119 (2025), SB 702 (2025), SCS/SB 753 (2022), provisions in SCS/HCS/HB 2012 (2022), HCS/HBs 1593 & 1959 (2022), SB 168 (2021), SB 665 (2020), and SB 388 (2019). PREGNANCY-ASSOCIATED MORTALITY REVIEW BOARD (Section 192.990) This act modifies the "Pregnancy-Associated Mortality Review Board" within the Department of Health and Senior Services. Under this act, board membership shall include at least one member from each congressional district with demographically diverse membership. Board members are increased from no more than 18 members to no more than 22 members. Additionally, the board shall, in its study and review of maternal deaths, consider the level and timing of prenatal and postnatal care, the		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		presence or absence of maternity care deserts, approaches taken in this state and other states to reduce or eliminate racial inequities in maternal deaths, and the adequacy of data collected by the board. Data reported by the board shall be disaggregated by race, ethnicity, language, nationality, age, zip code, and level and timing of prenatal and postnatal care. This provision is identical to a provision in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HCS/HB 2372 (2026) and substantially similar to SCS/SB 871 (2026), SB 39 (2025), SCS/SBs 1357 & 888 (2024), and SCS/SBs 579 & 595 (2023). RELEASE FROM JAIL (Section 544.667) Currently, a person can be released from jail upon recognizance or bond. This act provides that a person that has been released under such circumstances that fails to comply with the conditions of such release that imposes no contact with the victim shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor and shall forfeit any security that was pledged for their release. This provision is identical to a provision in CCS/SS/SCS/HCS/HBs 2637 & 3155 (2026) and SCS/SB 928 (2026). CRIMINAL OFFENSES (Sections 455.050, 565.002, 565.050-565.056, 565.072-565.074, 565.090-565.091,		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		565.225-565.227, 565.400-565.405, 573.570, 573.575, and Section C) This act modifies the offenses of assault in the first, second, third, and fourth degrees and the offenses of domestic violence in the first, second, third, and fourth degrees by removing the defined terms of "serious physical injury" and "physical injury" and providing for the following harms: • Great bodily harm: Bodily injury which creates a high probability of death, or which causes serious permanent or protracted loss or impairment of function of any bodily member or organ, or other serious bodily harm; • Substantial bodily harm: Bodily harm which involves a temporary but substantial disfigurement, or which causes temporary but substantial loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ, or which causes a fracture of any bodily member; and • Bodily harm: Physical pain or injury, illness, or any impairment of physical condition. Under current law, the first offense of harassment in the first degree is a class E felony. This act provides that a second or subsequent conviction of harassment in the first degree shall be a class D felony where the individual has previously been found guilty of harassment in the first or		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		second degree. Currently, a first offense of harassment in the second degree is a class A misdemeanor. Under this act, provisions relating to a second or subsequent conviction of harassment in the second degree are modified to include a conviction of harassment in the first degree as a previous conviction in which case it is a class E felony. This act modifies the offense of stalking in the first degree by repealing the elements of such offense and providing that a person commits the offense of stalking in the first degree when the person knowingly, through a course of conduct that is directed at another person or through technological abuse, as defined in the act, engages in conduct that would cause a reasonable person under similar circumstances to: • Fear death or bodily injury, as defined in this act; • Fear that an offense will be committed against a member of the person's family, household members, or an individual with whom the person has a dating relationship; • Fear that an offense will be committed against the person's property; or • Feel harassed, terrified, or intimidated. This act modifies the offense of stalking in the second degree by repealing the elements of such offense and providing that a person commits the offense of stalking		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		in the second degree when the person knowingly, through a course of conduct that is directed at another person or through technological abuse, as defined in the act, engages in conduct that would cause a reasonable person under similar circumstances to feel harassed, terrified, or intimidated. This act creates the offense of cyberharassment. A person commits this offense if he or she purposely or knowingly engages in a threatening, aggressive, or otherwise fear-inducing, course of conduct by using digital technology, internet service providers, electronic service providers or other electronic communications and devices cause reasonable fear, alarm, anxiety, undo stress, or terror to others by repeated contact with no legitimate purpose. This offense shall be a class B misdemeanor upon a first offense and a class A misdemeanor for second or subsequent offenses. A person commits the offense of cyberstalking if such person purposely or knowingly engages in a threatening, aggressive, or otherwise fear-inducing, course of conduct by using digital technology, internet service providers, electronic service providers or other electronic communications and devices to		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		enhance the ability to intimidate, track, follow or cause reasonable fear, alarm, anxiety, undo stress, or terror to another person. A first offense shall be a class A misdemeanor and a second or subsequent offense shall be a class E felony. These provisions are identical to provisions in CCS/SS/SCS/HCS/HBs 2637 & 3155 (2026) and SCS/SB 928 (2026). This act creates the offense of disclosure of an intimate digital depiction. A person shall be guilty of such offense if he or she discloses or threatens to disclose an intimate digital depiction with the intent to harass or threaten another person. A violation of such offense is a class D felony if the person discloses an intimate digital depiction and a class E felony if the person threatens to disclose an intimate digital depiction. Any second or subsequent violation of such offense is a class C felony. Additionally, it shall be a class C felony if the disclosure interferes with a government proceeding or causes violence. This act creates the offense of sadistic online exploitation. A person commits this offense where he or she uses the internet to coerce a victim into committing certain acts. This offense shall be a class E felony. These provisions are identical to provision in the truly agreed to and finally		

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		passed SS/SCS/HCS/HBs 2273 et al (2026), CCS/SS/SCS/HCS/HBs 2637 & 3155 (2026), and SCS/SB 928 (2026). Provisions of this act have an effective date of July 1, 2027. This act has a non-severability provision for the act. SARAH HASKINS		
MS	HB 1220†	Cybersecurity; governmental and certain commercial entities substantially complying with standards not liable for incidents relating to.	■ Passed chamber	3 March 2026
MS	HB 1333	Department of Information Technology Services; require all state agencies to use for computer equipment and services.	In committee	4 February 2025
MS	HB 1380	Cybersecurity; governmental and certain commercial entities substantially complying with standards not liable for incidents relating to.	■ Passed chamber	31 March 2025
MS	HB 1687	ITS; require to establish minimum cybersecuirty standards for the Statewide Elections Management System.	In committee	3 February 2026
MS	HB 1727	State Security Operations Center; create within ITS to serve as operational arm of statewide cybersecurity.	In committee	3 February 2026
MS	HB 575	Department of Information Technology Services; require all state agencies to use for computer equipment and services.	In committee	3 February 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
MS	HB 731	Corporate breach of security; require reports to the Attorney General. Companion: MS SB 2046	In committee	4 February 2025
MS	SB 2096†	MDITS and SOS; require to establish minimum cybersecurity standards for SEMS.	Enacted	19 March 2026
MS	SB 2128	Breach of security; report to the Attorney General.	In committee	3 February 2026
MS	SB 2410	Cybersecurity; limit liability for governmental and certain commercial entities that substantially comply with standards.	In committee	3 February 2026
MS	SB 2471	Cyber breach; limit liability for certain entities.	Passed chamber	4 March 2025
MS	SB 2508	Mortgage brokers and lenders; authorize to perform organization activities at a remote location. Companion: MS HB 993	Enacted	12 March 2025
MS	SB 2636	The Department of Cybersecurity; create.	Passed committee	11 February 2026
MS	SB 2701	Insurance Fraud Detection Act; establish trust fund to assist Mississippi Insurance Department in cyber fraud.	Passed committee	11 February 2026
MS	SB 2715	Money Transmission Modernization Act; revise various provisions of and create new provisions related to.	Passed committee	12 February 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
MS	SB 2755	ITS; create additional powers and responsibilities.	In committee	3 February 2026
MS	SB 2894	Cybersecurity insurance; include in Mississippi Insurance Guaranty Association statutes. Companion: MS HB 1169	Enacted	12 March 2025
MT	LC 3623†	Interim study on Montana home and cyber-security insurance	Dead	23 May 2025
NC	HB 608	Protect Health and Government Personnel Info.	In committee	1 April 2025
NC	HB 808	NC Infrastructure Protection Act.	Passed committee	24 June 2025
NC	HB 819	DIT Agency Bill.	Passed chamber	26 June 2025
NC	SB 1037	DIGITAL NC Act.	In committee	4 May 2026
NC	SB 562	Cybersecurity and Quantum Resilience Study.	In committee	26 March 2025
NC	SB 667	Government Modernization.	In committee	26 March 2025
NC	SB 711	ROD Removal/Gov. Security Breach Notice Costs.	Passed committee	30 April 2025
NC	SB 830	Government Modernization/Funds.	In committee	28 April 2026
ND	HB 1102†	A BILL for an Act to provide an appropriation to the attorney general for bureau of criminal investigation cybercrime resources.	Passed committee	7 February 2025
NE	LB 1054†	Appropriate funds to the State Department of Education for	Dead	17 April 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		grants for cybersecurity products and services		
NE	LB 241	Provide immunity from liability for cybersecurity events	■ Enacted	17 March 2025
NE	LB 599	Require the State Board of Education to adopt a policy relating to cybersecurity	Dead	17 April 2026
NE	LB 937	Adopt the Prior Learning Act and the K-12 Education Cybersecurity Act and change provisions relating to student transfers, school absences, option enrollment, extracurricular activities, reports, school employment, the improvement grant program, monitoring or providing instruction, deadlines, the Nebraska Teacher Apprenticeship Program, the Nebraska Teacher Recruitment and Retention Act, and the College Pathway Program Act	■ Enacted	17 April 2026
NH	HB 1728†	requiring sufficient cybersecurity protections for critical infrastructure and technology projects.	Dead	5 March 2026
NH	HB 626	directing the secretary of state to implement a vulnerability disclosure program for certain election systems.	■ Enacted	22 July 2025
NH	SB 589†	relative to port electrification, microgrid development, and cybersecurity standards for energy and water systems.	■ Enacted	24 June 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
NJ	A 1297	Requires instruction on cybersecurity in grades nine through 12; requires Office of Secretary of Higher Education to develop cybersecurity model curricula; establishes loan redemption programs for individuals in certain cybersecurity occupations.	In committee	13 January 2026
NJ	A 1368	Requires certain State employees to receive training in cybersecurity best practices.	■ Passed committee	16 March 2026
NJ	A 1549	Establishes Gaming Cybersecurity Intelligence and Response Council.	In committee	13 January 2026
NJ	A 1550	Requires adoption and implementation of cybersecurity standards by casinos and sportsbooks; establishes safe gaming certification program.	In committee	13 January 2026
NJ	A 1912	Requires certain State employees to receive training in cybersecurity best practices.	In committee	19 September 2024
NJ	A 1928	Requires State, county, and municipal employees and certain State contractors to complete cybersecurity awareness training. Companion: NJ S 1511	In committee	13 January 2026
NJ	A 2024	Requires each government entity in this State to conduct review of cybersecurity infrastructure and make recommendations. Companion: NJ S 3137	In committee	13 January 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
NJ	A 2199	Requires businesses in financial, essential infrastructure, and health care industries to report cybersecurity incidents.	In committee	9 January 2024
NJ	A 2301	Establishes fourth degree crime of cyber-interference.	In committee	9 January 2024
NJ	A 2424	Requires State, county, and municipal employees and certain State contractors to complete cybersecurity awareness training. Companion: NJ S 4742	In committee	9 January 2024
NJ	A 2862	Prohibits any foreign company created under laws of foreign adversary from participating in critical infrastructure. Companion: NJ S 324	In committee	13 January 2026
NJ	A 2891	Authorizes wiretap orders for investigation of luring or enticing a child, identity theft, stalking and cyber-harassment under certain circumstances.	In committee	9 January 2024
NJ	A 3090	Establishes fourth degree crime of cyber-interference.	In committee	13 January 2026
NJ	A 3231	Requires businesses in financial, essential infrastructure, and health care industries to report cybersecurity incidents.	In committee	13 January 2026
NJ	A 3283	Requires businesses in financial, essential infrastructure, and health care industries to develop	In committee	13 January 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		cybersecurity plans. Companion: NJ S 1262		
NJ	A 3959	Establishes Office of Cybersecurity Infrastructure. Companion: NJ S 2940	In committee	13 January 2026
NJ	A 4093	Requires certain persons and business entities to maintain comprehensive information security program.	In committee	19 February 2026
NJ	A 4198	Requires New Jersey Cybersecurity and Communications Integration Cell to study cybersecurity infastructure and establish cybersecurity guidelines. Companion: NJ S 1225	In committee	19 February 2026
NJ	A 578	Authorizes wiretap orders for investigation of luring or enticing a child, identity theft, stalking and cyber-harassment under certain circumstances.	In committee	13 January 2026
NJ	A 5821	Establishes Gaming Cybersecurity Intelligence and Response Council.	In committee	16 June 2025
NJ	A 5822	Requires adoption and implementation of cybersecurity standards by casinos and sportsbooks; establishes safe gaming certification program.	In committee	16 June 2025
NJ	A 711	Requires public institution of higher education to establish plans concerning cyber security and prevention of cyber attacks.	In committee	13 January 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
NJ	S 1176	Requires certain procedures and training for municipalities, counties, and school districts in response to cybersecurity incidents.	In committee	13 January 2026
NJ	S 321	Prohibits government entities from procuring and using technology products and services from companies owned by, controlled by, or domiciled in certain foreign countries.	In committee	13 January 2026
NJ	S 3222	Requires instruction on cybersecurity in grades nine through 12; requires Office of Secretary of Higher Education to develop cybersecurity model curricula; establishes loan redemption programs for individuals in certain cybersecurity occupations. Companion: NJ A 2999	■ Passed committee	17 March 2025
NJ	S 3313	Requires certain procedures and training for municipalities, counties, and school districts in response to cybersecurity incidents.*	In committee	30 January 2025
NJ	S 3386	Authorizes use of campaign funds for security expenses of candidate, officeholder, staff, and certain family members.*	■ Passed chamber	24 September 2026
NJ	S 3557	Requires certain State employees to receive training in cybersecurity best practices.	In committee	19 February 2026
NJ	S 3635	Establishes "New Jersey Cybersecurity Grant Program";	In committee	24 February 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		appropriates $5 million from General Fund.		
NJ	S 3835	Establishes Office of Cybersecurity Infrastructure.	Passed committee	3 March 2025
NJ	S 3878	Establishes cybersecurity employment grant program for qualified businesses; appropriates $750,000.	In committee	12 March 2026
NJ	S 3880	Requires instruction on cybersecurity in grades nine through 12; requires Office of Secretary of Higher Education to develop cybersecurity model curricula; establishes loan redemption programs for individuals in certain cybersecurity occupations.	In committee	12 March 2026
NJ	S 3932	Establishes Private Institution of Higher Education Security Grant Program; appropriates $5 million.	In committee	12 March 2026
NJ	S 611	Directs New Jersey Cybersecurity and Communications Integration Cell, Office of Information Technology, and New Jersey Big Data Alliance to develop advanced cyberinfrastructure strategic plan.	In committee	13 January 2026
NJ	S 728	Prohibits government entities from procuring and using technology products and services from companies owned by, controlled by, or domiciled in certain foreign countries.	In committee	9 January 2024

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
NJ	S 731	Prohibits any foreign company created under laws of foreign adversary from participating in critical infrastructure.	In committee	9 January 2024
NJ	SJR 107	Establishes "New Jersey Cybersecurity Task Force."	In committee	10 March 2026
NM	SB 254	CYBERSECURITY ACT & OFFICE CHANGES	Passed chamber	3 June 2025
NV	AB 1	Revises provisions relating to governmental administration. (BDR 19-22)	Enacted	20 November 2025
NV	SB 12	Revises provisions relating to the Office of the Chief Information Officer within the Office of the Governor. (BDR 19-280)	Enacted	6 June 2025
NV	SB 44	Revises provisions relating to financial services. (BDR 54-258)	Enacted	27 May 2025
NV	SB 467	Revises provisions relating to cybersecurity. (BDR 19-1149)	Enacted	11 June 2025
NY	A 11324	Establishes an election security navigator program within the state board of elections Companion: NY S 8615	In committee	11 May 2026
NY	A 1239†	Requires policies covering losses or damages from cyberattacks to include a requirement that the insured notify a law enforcement agency	In committee	7 January 2026
NY	A 1374	Relates to identity theft prevention and mitigation services in the case of a	In committee	7 January 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		security breach Companion: NY S 2152		
NY	A 426	Relates to procurement requirements for end point device security Companion: NY S 2671	■ Enacted	14 February 2025
NY	A 4739	Requires certain state employees to undergo annual cyber security training	In committee	7 January 2026
NY	A 4746	Relates to creating a cyber security enhancement fund and restricting the use of taxpayer moneys in paying ransoms Companion: NY S 193	In committee	7 January 2026
NY	A 6301	Enacts the Critical Infrastructure Standards and Procedures Act	In committee	10 February 2026
NY	A 7716†	Studies the use of blockchain technology in elections	In committee	7 January 2026
NY	A 7719	Establishes a commission to study cyber security in the state Companion: NY S 3344	In committee	7 January 2026
NY	A 8813	Relates to the regulation of business involving virtual currencies	In committee	7 January 2026
NY	S 1961	Establishes the "secure our data act" Companion: NY A 5739	■ Passed chamber	25 February 2026
NY	S 3258†	Requires the department of education to provide annual notifications to school districts to combat cyber crime	In committee	7 January 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
NY	S 3259	Relates to prohibiting the procurement of certain technology and products which pose a state or national security risk Companion: NY A 2237	Enacted	19 December 2025
NY	S 3693	Relates to computer-related crimes Companion: NY A 7836	Passed chamber	11 February 2026
NY	S 4427	Relates to a business tax credit for purchase of data breach insurance	In committee	7 January 2026
NY	S 7672	Relates to municipal cybersecurity incidents or ransomware attacks Companion: NY A 6769	Enacted	26 June 2025
NY	S 804	Relates to when and how notification of a data breach is to be provided to the department of financial services Companion: NY A 913	Enacted	14 February 2025
NY	S 8169	Requires all state entities to notify affected individuals in the event of a data breach where information is compromised Companion: NY A 8614	Passed chamber	1 June 2026
NY	S 83	Relates to establishing the crime of larceny by cyber extortion Companion: NY A 6794	Passed chamber	10 February 2026
NY	S 9088	Requires the registration of data brokers and establishing a data deletion mechanism for	Passed chamber	4 June 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		consumers Companion: NY A 9642		
NY	S 9131	Relates to data broker regulation	In committee	5 February 2026
NY	S 955	Relates to the use of smart access systems and the information that may be gathered from such systems Companion: NY A 156	■ Passed chamber	5 June 2026
OH	HB 283	Require political subdivisions to adopt a cybersecurity program Companion: OH SB 203	In committee	21 May 2025
OH	HB 475	Regards municipal cybersecurity, private cybersecurity contracts	In committee	1 October 2025
OK	HB 1799†	Cybersecurity; Cybersecurity Act of 2025; effective date. Companion: OK HB 1800, OK HB 1801, OK HB 1802	In committee	4 February 2025
OK	HB 1799†	Cybersecurity; Cybersecurity Act of 2025; effective date. Companion: OK HB 1800, OK HB 1801, OK HB 1802	In committee	4 February 2025
OK	HB 1983	Schools; media literacy and cybersecurity to be taught in sixth, seventh, or eighth grades; State Department of Education to adopt curriculum standards; effective date.	■ Passed committee	3 March 2026
OK	HB 1983	Schools; media literacy and cybersecurity to be taught in sixth, seventh, or eighth grades; State Department of Education to adopt curriculum standards; effective date.	■ Passed committee	10 February 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
OK	HB 4132	Technology; liability protections; counties; municipalities; cybersecurity frameworks; State Auditor and Inspector; effective date.	Passed chamber	1 April 2026
OK	HB 4190	Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation; Cyber Crime and Fraud Unit; motor vehicle insurance policy renewals; revolving fund; effective date.	Passed committee	23 February 2026
OK	SB 1716	Security Breach Notification Act; prohibiting class action liability for private entity for cybersecurity event; providing exceptions. Effective date.	Passed chamber	6 April 2026
OK	SB 179	Information technology; directing state agencies to manage information technology services. Effective date. Emergency.	Passed committee	17 February 2025
OK	SB 1859†	Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation; creating the Cyber Crime Fraud Unit; revolving fund. Effective date. Emergency.	Enacted	29 May 2026
OK	SB 626†	Security Breach Notification Act; requiring notice of security breach of certain information; modifying provisions. Effective date.	Enacted	28 May 2025
OK	SB 626†	Security Breach Notification Act; requiring notice of security breach of certain information; modifying provisions. Effective date.	Sent to governor	28 May 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
OR	HB 3228	Relating to cybersecurity; declaring an emergency.	Passed committee	28 June 2025
OR	HB 3238†	Relating to cybersecurity. Companion: OR HB 3822	In committee	28 June 2025
OR	HB 4055	Relating to information security; declaring an emergency.	In committee	7 March 2026
PA	HB 1209†	An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public School Code of 1949, in charter schools, providing for State certification for cyber charter school professional staff members.	In committee	15 April 2025
PA	HB 1219†	An Act amending Title 71 (State Government) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, in boards and offices, providing for information technology; establishing the Office of Information Technology and the Information Technology Fund; providing for administrative and procurement procedures and for the Joint Cybersecurity Oversight Committee; imposing duties on the Office of Information Technology; providing for administration of Pennsylvania Statewide Radio Network; and imposing penalties. Companion: PA HB 2104	In committee	15 April 2025
PA	HB 1500	An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public	Passed chamber	6 June 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		School Code of 1949, in preliminary provisions, providing for Cyber Charter School Funding and Policy Council and further providing for advertising and sponsorships; in pupils and attendance, further providing for exceptional children and education and training; in charter schools, further providing for definitions, for funding for cyber charter schools, for powers and duties of department and for assessment and evaluation, providing for fund balance limits, further providing for cyber charter school requirements and prohibitions, providing for cyber charter school fund balance accountability, further providing for establishment of cyber charter school, for cyber charter school application, for enrollment and notification, for enrollee wellness checks and for applicability of other provisions of this act and of other acts and regulations and providing for cyber charter school moratorium; and, in reimbursements by Commonwealth and between school districts, further providing for extraordinary special education program expenses.		
PA	HB 2358†	An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public	■ In committee	6 April 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		School Code of 1949, in charter schools, further providing for funding for cyber charter schools.		
PA	HB 2375†	An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public School Code of 1949, in charter schools, further providing for definitions, for charter school requirements, for establishment of charter school, for causes for nonrenewal or termination, for powers and duties of department, for cyber charter school requirements and prohibitions and for establishment of cyber charter school; and, in the State Board of Education, further providing for powers and duties of the board.	■ In committee	14 April 2026
PA	HB 2602†	An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public School Code of 1949, in pupils and attendance, further providing for attendance policy at charter, regional charter and cyber charter schools; in charter schools, further providing for cyber charter school requirements and prohibitions and for enrollee wellness checks and providing for child protection and support plan; and imposing penalties.	■ Passed committee	10 June 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
PA	HB 2672†	An Act amending the act of April 9, 1929 (P.L.177, No.175), known as The Administrative Code of 1929, in organization of departmental administrative boards and commissions and of advisory boards and commissions, providing for Cybersecurity Coordination Board.	■ In committee	26 June 2026
PA	HB 480	An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public School Code of 1949, in charter schools, providing for full-time cyber education program offered by school district.	In committee	4 February 2025
PA	HB 688†	An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public School Code of 1949, in charter schools, providing for cyber charter school moratorium.	In committee	21 February 2025
PA	HB 997†	An Act amending the act of December 22, 2005 (P.L.474, No.94), known as the Breach of Personal Information Notification Act, further providing for definitions, for notification of the breach of the security of the system, for exceptions and for notice exemption; repealing provisions relating to civil relief; providing for protection of personal information, for civil relief, for information	■ Passed chamber	3 October 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		security and for applicability; and repealing provisions relating to applicability.		
PA	SB 27†	An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public School Code of 1949, in charter schools, providing for cyber charter school moratorium.	In committee	6 March 2025
PA	SB 373	An Act amending Title 71 (State Government) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, in boards and offices, providing for information technology and security.	In committee	6 March 2025
PA	SB 415	An Act amending Title 18 (Crimes and Offenses) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, in computer offenses, providing for the offense of ransomware; and imposing duties on the Office of Administration.	In committee	10 March 2025
PA	SB 934	An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public School Code of 1949, in cyber charter schools, further providing for enrollment and notification.	■ Passed committee	17 July 2025
RI	HB 5301	AN ACT RELATING TO CRIMINAL OFFENSES - IDENTITY THEFT PROTECTION ACT OF 2015	Dead	11 February 2025
RI	HB 5415	AN ACT RELATING TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS - -	■ Enacted	2 July 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		LICENSED ACTIVITIES Companion: RI SB 603		
RI	HB 5671	AN ACT RELATING TO CRIMINAL OFFENSES - - COMPUTER CRIME Companion: RI SB 294	Dead	25 March 2025
RI	HB 6385	AN ACT RELATING TO STATUTES AND STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION	■ Enacted	2 July 2025
RI	HB 8058†	AN ACT RELATING TO CRIMINAL OFFENSES - - COMPUTER CRIME	■ Passed chamber	9 June 2026
RI	SB 1037	AN ACT RELATING TO CRIMINAL OFFENSES - - IDENTITY THEFT PROTECTION ACT OF 2015 Companion: RI HB 6346	■ Passed chamber	10 June 2025
RI	SB 2638	AN ACT RELATING TO CRIMINAL OFFENSES - - IDENTITY THEFT PROTECTION ACT OF 2015 Companion: RI HB 7509	■ Passed chamber	4 June 2026
RI	SB 2981	AN ACT RELATING TO CRIMINAL OFFENSES - - COMPUTER CRIME	Dead	12 May 2026
SC	H 3344	State Infrastructure Protection Act	In committee	14 January 2025
SC	H 3369	Government electronic devices Companion: SC H 3375	In committee	8 April 2025
SC	H 4973	Critical Infrastructure	In committee	15 January 2026
SD	SB 215	provide for a pilot program for the implementation of a	In committee	23 February 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		secured cryptographically end-to-end verifiable voting system in certain jurisdictions.		
SD	SB 49	safeguard the integrity, privacy, and security of genetic data and provide a civil penalty therefor.	■ Enacted	30 March 2026
SD	SB 75	amend the type of entities eligible to participate in the cybersecurity services initiative.	■ Enacted	4 March 2026
TN	HB 1033	Civil Procedure - As introduced, creates an affirmative defense that may be utilized by a covered entity that is the subject of a data breach, if the covered entity's cybersecurity program meets certain criteria at the time the breach occurs. - Amends TCA Title 20; Title 29 and Title 47, Chapter 18. Companion: TN SB 1421	In committee	11 February 2025
TN	HB 2312†	Criminal Offenses - As introduced, clarifies that the criminal offense of knowingly accessing a communication or computer system for the purpose of fraud or theft includes accessing a cloud computing service. - Amends TCA Title 4; Title 10; Title 35; Title 37; Title 38; Title 39; Title 40; Title 45; Title 47; Title 65; Title 66; Title 67 and Title 71. Companion: TN SB 2523	Introduced	5 February 2026
TN	HB 481†	State Government - As introduced, increases	In committee	5 February 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		membership of the information systems council by adding a state employee with experience in the field of cybersecurity, to be appointed by the governor. - Amends TCA Title 4, Chapter 3. Companion: TN SB 1370		
TN	HB 511†	Insurance, Health, Accident - As introduced, requires a healthcare provider, healthcare group, practice, or clinic, healthcare facility, or other entity to provide notice to each health insurance entity with which it is under contract as soon as practicable if the healthcare provider, healthcare group, practice, or clinic, healthcare facility, or other entity is the subject of a cyber-attack. - Amends TCA Title 33; Title 56; Title 63; Title 68, Chapter 11 and Title 71. Companion: TN SB 555	Introduced	5 February 2025
TN	HB 549	State Government - As introduced, creates the "Tennessee Critical Infrastructure Act." - Amends TCA Title 4. Companion: TN SB 378	In committee	5 February 2025
TX	HB 1170	Relating to analysis and mitigation of transportation security threats in this state.	In committee	7 March 2025
TX	HB 1172	Relating to requiring the Department of Information Resources to conduct a study concerning the cybersecurity of small businesses.	In committee	7 March 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
TX	HB 130	Relating to genetic information security for residents of this state; providing a civil penalty; providing a private cause of action. Companion: TX SB 2429	■ Enacted	20 June 2025
TX	HB 132	Relating to the confidentiality of information used to prevent, detect, respond to, or investigate a hostile act of a foreign adversary of the United States.	■ Enacted	20 June 2025
TX	HB 150	Relating to the establishment of the Texas Cyber Command and the transfer to it of certain powers and duties of the Department of Information Resources.	■ Enacted	2 June 2025
TX	HB 3112	Relating to the application of the open meetings law and public information law to government information related to certain cybersecurity measures.	■ Enacted	20 June 2025
TX	HB 3185	Relating to investigations of certain cybercrimes.	■ Enacted	20 June 2025
TX	HB 3512	Relating to artificial intelligence training programs for certain employees and officials of state agencies and local governments.	■ Enacted	20 June 2025
TX	HB 4231	Relating to cybersecurity for retail public utilities that provide water or sewer service. Companion: TX SB 1034	In committee	31 March 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
TX	HB 5331	Relating to the enforceability of certain state agency and local government contract language regarding required security incident notifications.	Enacted	20 June 2025
TX	HB 876	Relating to the establishment of certain information sharing and analysis organizations by the Department of Information Resources.	Passed chamber	21 May 2025
TX	SB 1063	Relating to prohibiting contracts or other agreements with foreign-owned companies in connection with agricultural land.	In committee	24 February 2025
TX	SB 1348	Relating to the establishment and powers and duties of the Texas Advisory Committee on Pacific Conflict.	Introduced	18 February 2025
TX	SB 1585	Relating to a prohibition on governmental contracts with companies of foreign adversaries for certain information and communications technology; authorizing a civil penalty; creating a criminal offense.	Passed chamber	27 May 2025
TX	SB 1625	Relating to the reporting of certain security incidents by public water systems to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality and the Department of Information Resources.	Passed chamber	21 May 2025
TX	SB 1686	Relating to requiring the cybersecurity council to conduct a study concerning the	In committee	11 March 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		cybersecurity of school districts.		
TX	SB 1847	Relating to prohibiting contracts or other agreements with certain foreign-owned companies in connection with critical infrastructure in this state and the use of certain technology purchased or leased from those companies.	In committee	13 March 2025
TX	SB 2176	Relating to the establishment of the Texas Cyber Command as a component institution of The University of Texas System and the transfer to it of certain powers and duties of the Department of Information Resources.	In committee	24 March 2025
TX	SB 2404	Relating to the continuation and functions of the Department of Information Resources, including the composition of the governing body of the department.	In committee	25 March 2025
TX	SB 2610	Relating to a limitation on civil liability of business entities in connection with a breach of system security.	■ Enacted	20 June 2025
TX	SB 55†	Relating to class action certification for actions brought against certain health care entities for disclosure of health care information as a result of a cyber attack.	Introduced	31 July 2025
TX	SB 78	Relating to the security of election systems.	In committee	3 February 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
US	H.J.Res. 40	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Defense relating to "Cybersecurity Maturity Model Certification (CMMC) Program".	In committee	12 February 2025
US	H.R. 10238	Cybersecurity for Small Businesses Act of 2026	Passed committee	16 September 2026
US	H.R. 10362	Stop Rogue AI Act	In committee	14 September 2026
US	H.R. 10474	CISA Force Structure Assessment Act	In committee	16 September 2026
US	H.R. 10519	To direct the Secretary of Homeland Security, acting through the Director of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency, to establish a Critical Infrastructure AI Cyber Defense Pilot Program, and for other purposes.	In committee	21 September 2026
US	H.R. 10568	Protecting Biological Data as Critical Infrastructure Act	In committee	24 September 2026
US	H.R. 10569	Protecting Biotechnology and Biomanufacturing as Critical Infrastructure Act Companion: US S. 5502	In committee	24 September 2026
US	H.R. 10671†	To amend the Cyber Incident Reporting for Critical Infrastructure Act of 2022 to reauthorize a program of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency relating to security vulnerability	In committee	1 October 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		warnings, and for other purposes.		
US	H.R. 1165	Port Crane Security and Inspection Act of 2025	In committee	10 February 2025
US	H.R. 1258	Improving Contractor Cybersecurity Act	In committee	12 February 2025
US	H.R. 2363	DOGE POUND Act of 2025	In committee	26 March 2025
US	H.R. 2978	GUARD Act	Passed committee	16 September 2026
US	H.R. 3026	Protecting America's Cybersecurity Act	In committee	24 April 2025
US	H.R. 3278	Protecting Critical Infrastructure Act	In committee	8 May 2025
US	H.R. 4046	Cybersecurity in Agriculture Act of 2025	In committee	17 June 2025
US	H.R. 5079	Widespread Information Management for the Welfare of Infrastructure and Government Act	Introduced	3 September 2025
US	H.R. 5868	Water Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2025	In committee	28 October 2025
US	H.R. 7257	SECURE Grid Act	Passed committee	30 September 2026
US	H.R. 7625	MTS CYBER Act of 2026	Passed committee	15 September 2026
US	H.R. 8730	Connected Vehicle Security Act of 2026	In committee	11 May 2026
US	H.R. 9492	Cybersecurity Logging Enforcement and	In committee	7 July 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
		Accountability Reporting Act		
US	H.R. 9918	Enhancing K–12 Cybersecurity Act	■ In committee	24 July 2026
US	S. 1007	9–8–8 Lifeline Cybersecurity Responsibility Act	In committee	12 March 2025
US	S. 1018	Cybersecurity for Rural Water Systems Act	In committee	13 March 2025
US	S. 1118	Water Intelligence, Security, and Cyber Threat Protection Act of 2025	In committee	25 March 2025
US	S. 1263	Operational Security Act of 2025	In committee	2 April 2025
US	S. 1337†	Cybersecurity Information Sharing Extension Act	In committee	8 April 2025
US	S. 1899	Federal Contractor Cybersecurity Vulnerability Reduction Act of 2025	In committee	22 May 2025
US	S. 1943	Protecting Seniors' Data Act of 2025	In committee	4 June 2025
US	S. 2950	Scam Compound Accountability and Mobilization Act	Introduced	9 December 2025
US	S. 3315	Health Care Cybersecurity and Resiliency Act of 2026	Introduced	5 October 2026
US	S. 3404	Satellite Cybersecurity Act of 2025	Introduced	24 September 2026
US	S. 3519	Remote Access Security Act	In committee	17 December 2025
US	S. 4166	SECURE Grid Act	■ Passed committee	30 September 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
US	S. 431	Cyber Conspiracy Modernization Act	In committee	5 February 2025
US	S. 438	Cyber PIVOTT Act of 2025	In committee	5 February 2025
US	S. 4429	Connected Vehicle Security Act of 2026	Passed committee	22 September 2026
US	S. 4570	U.S. Tech PATH Act	Passed committee	27 July 2026
US	S. 4699	Guaranteeing Universal Access to Cybersecurity Act	In committee	8 June 2026
US	S. 5313	Quantum-GUARD Act of 2026	In committee	6 August 2026
US	S. 5360	Rural and Municipal Utility Cybersecurity Act	Passed committee	30 September 2026
US	S. 5504	A bill to require the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program on Department of Defense partnerships with institutions of higher education recognized in the National Centers of Academic Excellence in Cybersecurity program for Cyber Research, and for other purposes.	In committee	24 September 2026
US	S. 5508†	A bill to establish a public-private working group to develop cybersecurity best practices for telecommunications carriers and related supply chain participants, and for other purposes.	In committee	24 September 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
US	S. 5541†	A bill to establish the Cybersecurity and AI Board of Investigations, and for other purposes.	In committee	24 September 2026
US	S. 5548†	Securing National Security Systems from Chinese Optical Transceivers Act of 2026	In committee	24 September 2026
UT	HB 165	Critical Infrastructure Amendments	Enacted	17 March 2026
UT	HB 19	Drinking Water Utilities Amendments	Enacted	27 February 2026
UT	HB 357	Amendments to Motor Vehicle Data Privacy	Enacted	19 March 2026
UT	HB 42	School Cybersecurity Amendments	Passed chamber	7 March 2026
UT	HB 444	Data Privacy Amendments	Enacted	27 March 2025
UT	HB 450	Data Privacy Amendments	Enacted	19 March 2026
UT	HB 468	Automatic License Plate Reader Amendments	Passed chamber	8 March 2025
UT	HB 492	Drinking Water Utilities Amendments	Passed chamber	8 March 2025
UT	HB 542†	Multi-factor Authentication Amendments	Introduced	7 March 2026
UT	SB 123	Privacy and Cybersecurity Amendments	Enacted	17 March 2026
UT	SB 275	State-Endorsed Digital Identity Program Amendments	Enacted	25 March 2026
VA	HB 1334	Militia state active duty; cyber-related support.	Enacted	8 April 2026

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
VA	HB 2038	Insecure uncrewed aircraft systems; prohibition on procurement and use, report.	In committee	5 February 2025
VA	HB 2268	Emerging Technologies, Cybersecurity, and Data Privacy, Division of; established.	Passed committee	4 February 2025
VA	HB 638	Data brokers; regulation, civil penalties.	In committee	9 February 2026
VA	HB 638†	Data brokers; regulation, civil penalties.	In committee	9 February 2026
VA	HB 83†	Virginia Information Technologies Agency; powers of the CIO; creation of Cyber Civilian Corps.	In committee	2 February 2026
VA	HB 83	Virginia Information Technologies Agency; powers of the CIO; creation of Cyber Civilian Corps.	In committee	2 February 2026
VA	SB 1239	Cybersecurity; electric service by investor-owned electric utilities, report.	Enacted	24 March 2025
VT	H 560	An act relating to the Cybersecurity Advisory Council	Introduced	6 January 2026
VT	H 630†	An act relating to adopting minimum security standards for connected devices	Introduced	9 January 2026
VT	S 70	An act relating to data brokers and personal information	Introduced	18 February 2025
WA	SB 5014	Concerning election security.	Enacted	17 May 2025

State	Bill	Title	Current status	Last action
WA	SB 5892	Concerning protection of the voter registration database.	■ Enacted	25 March 2026
WV	HB 4201†	Relating to authorizing the Office of Technology to promulgate a legislative rule relating to cyber reporting.	In committee	14 January 2026
WV	HB 5638†	Relating to the requirements of the state's cyber security program and responsibilities and authority of the state chief information security officer	■ Enacted	29 June 2026
WV	SB 252	Office of Technology rule relating to cyber reporting	In committee	11 February 2026

† Matched on the bill's title alone, because the platform does not yet hold that bill's full text. Every other bill is matched on its whole document.

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